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Looking Ahead to the Future: The Role for RemPlex

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Tom M. Brouns

Manager, Environmental Management Sector Pacific Northwest National Laboratory



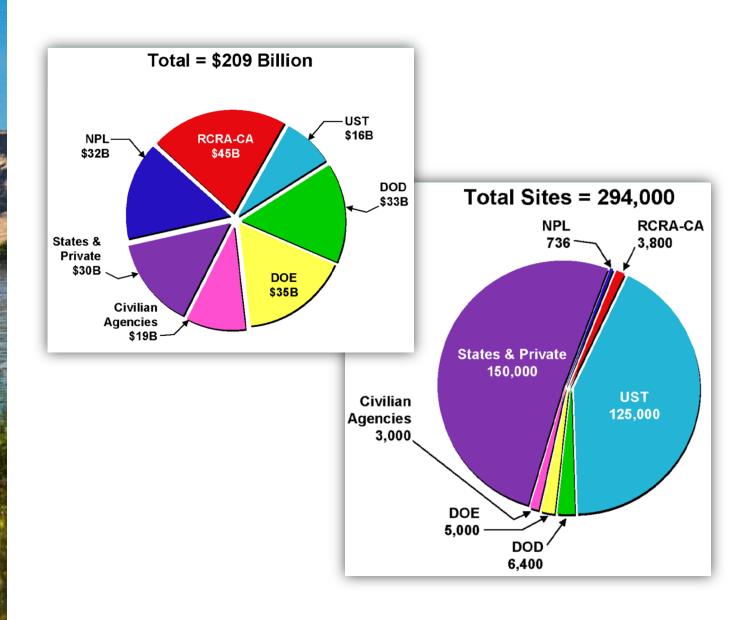


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Complex Site Challenges

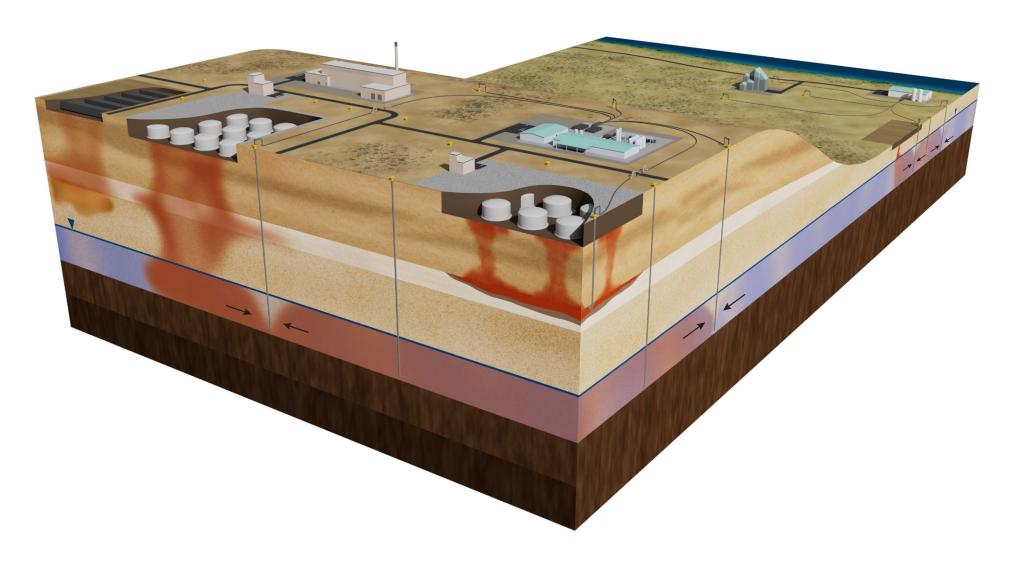


- PA, 2004
 - Technical complexities limiting remediation and closure of ~300,000 sites and ~\$200B
- National Research Council, 2013
 - Technical complexities preventing closure of ~13,000 Sites 50-100 years
 - "...extensive groundwater contamination, heterogeneous geology, large releases and/or source zones, multiple and/or recalcitrant contaminants, heterogeneous contaminant distribution in the subsurface, and long time frames since releases occurred."
- Interstate Technology & Regulatory Council, 2017
 - "Sites where remediation progress is uncertain, and remediation is not anticipated to achieve closure or even long-term management within a reasonable timeframe."



What Makes a Site Complex?

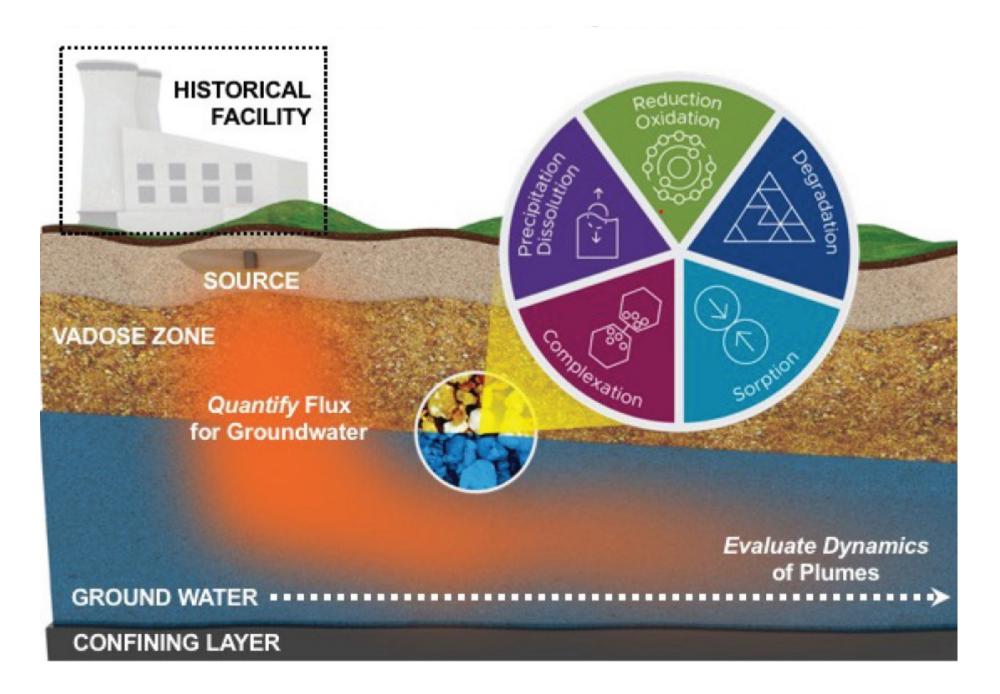
- Multiple sources and contaminants
- Comingled plumes
- Complex geology





What Makes a Site Complex?

- Multiple sources and contaminants
- Comingled plumes
- Complex geology
- Impact of biogeochemical processes on fate and transport





Considerations for Tackling Complex Sites

- Adaptive Site Management
 - Refine the conceptual site model

"iterative refinement over the project life cycle"

- Set or revisit site objectives
- Develop interim objectives and adaptive remedial strategy

https://rmcs-1.itrcweb.org/4-adaptive-site-management/

QUANTITATIVE CONCEPTUAL SITE MODEL

Establish technical foundation to inform remedy approaches TECHNICAL BASIS
FOR ADAPTIVE
MANAGEMENT

Develop
remedial
approaches that
adapt, evolve,
and respond to
remedial actions
over time

SYNERGISTIC REMEDIAL APPROACHES

Integrate
remedy
combinations to
mitigate
contaminant
issues

RISK INDICATOR MONITORING

Support remediation exit strategies and long-term monitoring

ADAPTIVE PREDICTIVE MONITORING

Reduce
uncertainty
associated with
complex
subsurface
processes

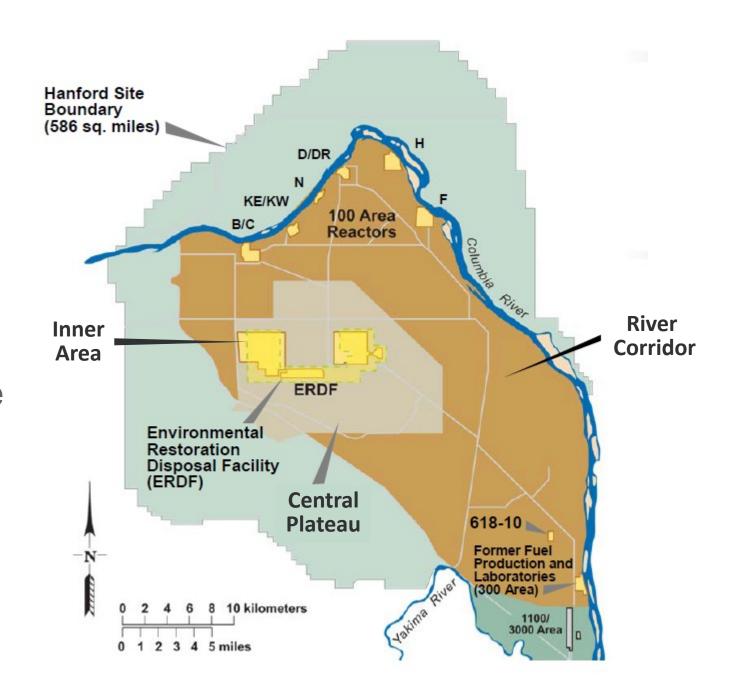
NATIONAL & INTERNATIONAL GUIDANCE

Create
guidance
to facilitate
adaptive
decision-making



Hanford Example – Cleanup Mission – Challenges

- 2,000+ poorly characterized cleanup sites
 - Dispersed soil and groundwater plumes
 - Highly concentrated stored wastes
- Future land use
- Complex environmental challenges not addressed previously at this scale
- Three components
 - River Corridor
 - Central Plateau
 - Inner Area

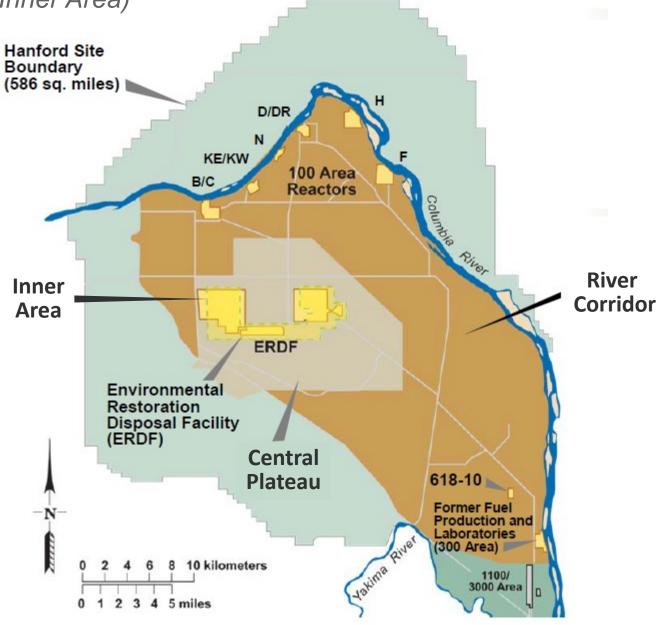




The Cleanup Mission – Shrinking the Footprint

Shrink to the extent practical from 586 square miles to about 10 square miles – or 98 percent (Inner Area)

- Priority Strategy: Protect the Columbia River
 - Remove (excavate) waste sites and contaminated structures close to the river
 - Groundwater treatment to halt plumes from entering river
 - Stabilize reactors for long-term isolation
 - Develop disposal facility in Central Plateau / Inner Area for excavated soil and building rubble





Key Strategies for Success

Dedicated Disposal Facility Enables Cleanup and Visible Progress

- Early discussions on future site uses (1992)
 - Broad public consensus recognized the necessity for a dedicated waste disposal facility
 - "Use the Central Plateau Wisely for Waste Management"
- Developed large "ERDF" disposal facility in Central Plateau





Key Strategies for Success

Agreement on Soil Cleanup Criteria / Approach Enables Steady Progress

- Depth of excavation and soil radionuclide cleanup levels established early
 - Provided certainty on cleanup action levels
 - Ease of rad detection with standard instrumentation (gamma)

Contain Groundwater Plumes

 Address 12 plumes by operating 6 pump and treat facilities to hydraulically contain and remove contamination





Trends in Complex Site Remediation (examples)

- Advances in characterization and monitoring
 - Integrating measurement data sample/point data with volumetric data
 - Real-time (or right-time) monitoring
 - Quantitative Conceptual Site Model (QCSM)
 - Automation, drones, robotics
- Integrated remedies
 - Interim measures (e.g. plume containment/hydraulic control and mass removal)
 - Subsequent / final measures (e.g., residual source treatment, natural attenuation, etc.)
 - Exit strategies for interim and final remedies
 - Remedy optimization (including Al/ML, data analytics, etc.)
- Emerging contaminants
- Sustainability and resilience



RemPlex – where do we go from here?

- Global Summit survey will be sent to attendees encourage feedback
 - Summit topics, format?
 - Seminars 3-4 / year, topics, format?
 - Other?
- Welcome your feedback on this week's Summit!
- How best can we collectively advance RemPlex collaborations and communications?



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Thank You



