



Moving Science into Practice: Applying Science and Technology to Sustainably Manage Former Uranium Mill Tailings Sites in the United States

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Overview

- LM Sites Summary
- Applied Science and Technology Program
- Projects
- Network of National Laboratories for Environmental Management and Stewardship Organization



Rifle, CO Disposal Site



Overview of Uranium Ore Processing Sites – UMTRCA

- Most uranium mill sites are remediated under Uranium Mill Tailings Radiation Control Act (UMTRCA)
- 1980s -1990s: DOE remediated sites that were abandoned in 1978 (19 disposal cells contain 40 MCY)
- Private operators are remediating mill sites that were still operating after 1978
- The U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission (NRC) is the regulator
- LM and NRC conduct annual inspections and monitoring of these sites.



Applied Science and Technology Program: AS&T Portfolio



Vegetative cover at Monticello, Utah, Site

Plant Communities
Soil Conditions
Water Balance
Radon Barrier

Real-time Stormwater
Monitoring:
Met Stations

Monitoring
Approaches



Chartiers Creek at Canonsburg, Pennsylvania, Site



Annual Inspection, Edgmont, South Dakota Site

Annual Inspections
License Requirement
10CFR40

Cell Performance:
High-Resolution Lidar
Imaging



Aerial Survey at Shiprock, New Mexico, Site

Applied Science and Technology Program

Developing solutions to long-term stewardship challenges

Foundational Knowledge

- Cover performance
- Water Balance
- Plant uptake
- Persistence

Integrated Studies

- Cover conversion
- Climate resilience
- Multispectral imaging
- Erosion risk

Sites

- Mexican Hat
- Bluewater
- L-Bar
- Crescent Junction
- Grand Junction



Enhanced Cover Assessment Project

- Compare and contrast
 - Vegetative vs. rock-riprap covers
 - Percolation and water balance
 - Soil physical properties
 - Radon diffusion
 - Plant contaminant uptake
- Alternative cover designs
- Developing regulatory guidance



Grand Junction, Colorado, Disposal Cell

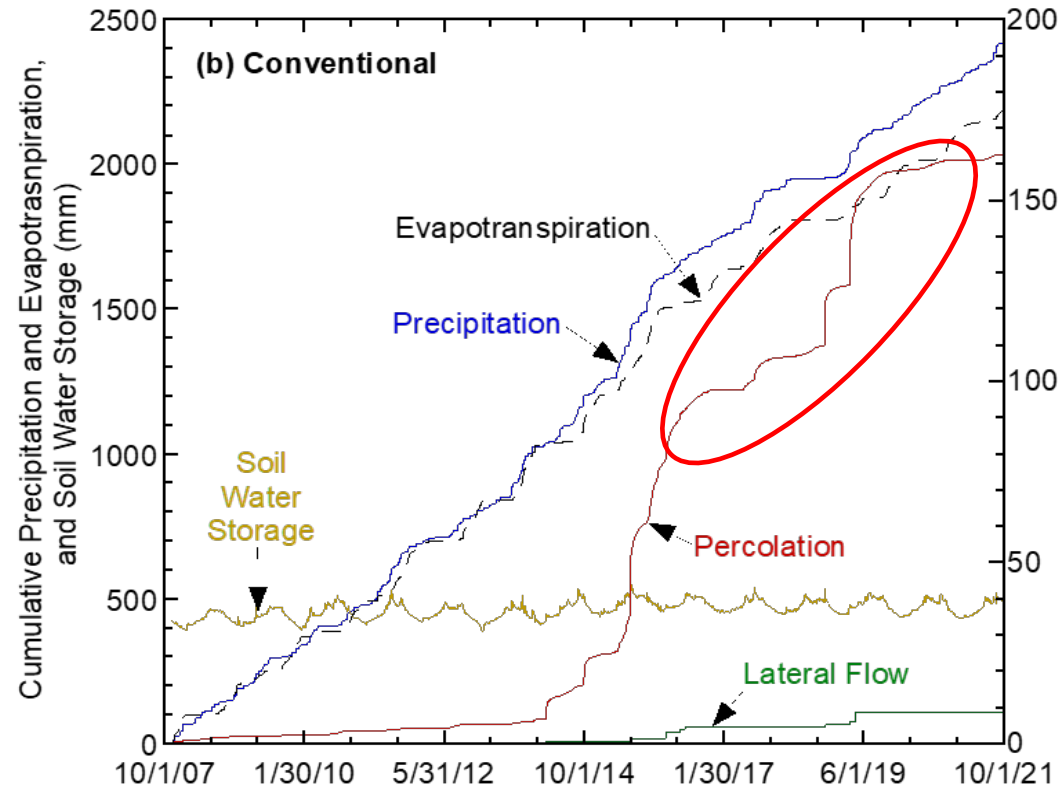


REMPLEX
CENTER FOR THE REMEDIATION
OF COMPLEX SITES
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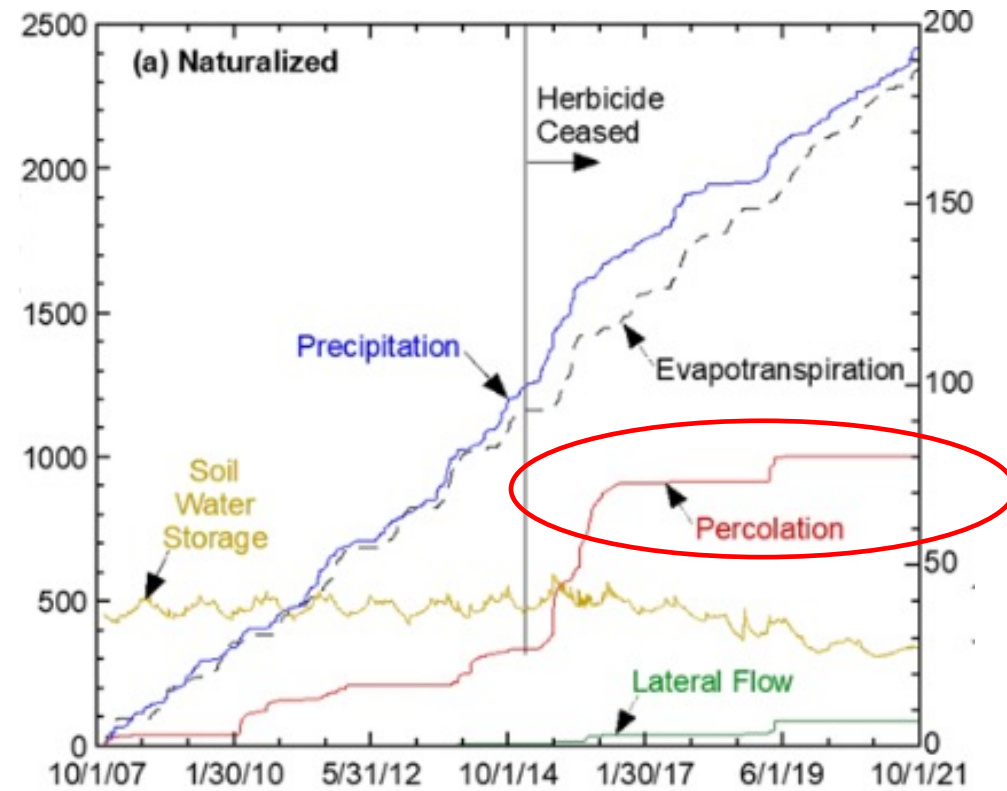


Enhanced Cover Assessment Project

Lysimeter Water Balance Data



Conventional Area



Natural Area

Legacy Management Risk Reduction Initiative

- LM ranked relative risks at sites across program
- Four ranking categories
 - Human health
 - Regulatory
 - Institutional control
 - Stakeholder
- Highest risk sites in the program:
 - Shiprock, New Mexico, Disposal Site
 - Tuba City, Arizona, Disposal Site
- We work toward impactful risk reduction at highest-risk sites

Shiprock, New Mexico, Site



Tuba City, Arizona, Site



LM National Lab Network Participants

Office of Science Laboratories

- 1 Ames Laboratory
Ames, Iowa
- 2 Argonne National Laboratory
Argonne, Illinois
- 3 Brookhaven National Laboratory
Upton, New York
- 4 Fermi National Accelerator Laboratory
Batavia, Illinois
- 5 Lawrence Berkeley National Laboratory
Berkeley, California
- 6 Oak Ridge National Laboratory
Oak Ridge, Tennessee
- 7 Pacific Northwest National Laboratory
Richland, Washington
- 8 Princeton Plasma Physics Laboratory
Princeton, New Jersey
- 9 SLAC National Accelerator Laboratory
Menlo Park, California
- 10 Thomas Jefferson National Accelerator Facility
Newport News, Virginia

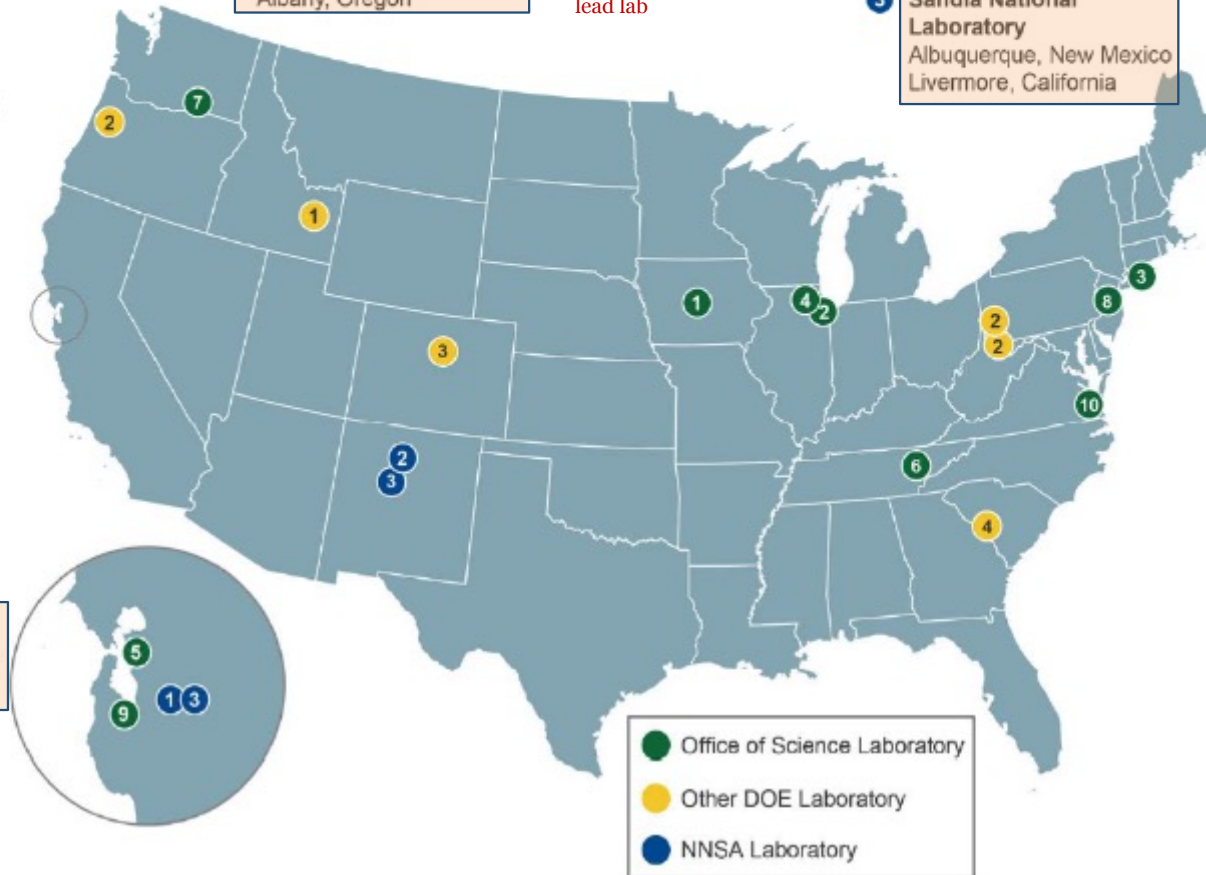
Other DOE Laboratories

- 1 Idaho National Laboratory
Idaho Falls, Idaho
- 2 National Energy Technology Laboratory
Morgantown, West Virginia
Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania
Albany, Oregon
- 3 National Renewable Energy Laboratory
Golden, Colorado
- 4 Savannah River National Laboratory
Aiken, South Carolina

SRNL is LM's designated lead lab

NNSA Laboratories

- 1 Lawrence Livermore National Laboratory
Livermore, California
- 2 Los Alamos National Laboratory
Los Alamos, New Mexico
- 3 Sandia National Laboratory
Albuquerque, New Mexico
Livermore, California



Network of National Laboratories for Environmental Management and Stewardship (NNLEMS)



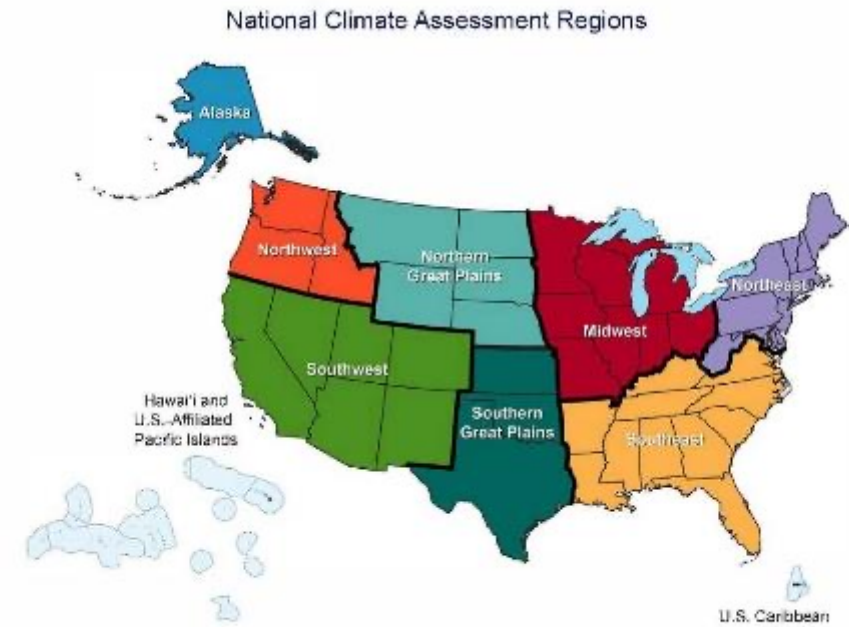
Moab, UT processing site



Climate Resiliency and Adaptation

- Climate change is important because LM's mission is long term — we must ensure sites protect people and the environment far into the future
- May 2020 U.S. Government Accountability Office audit of LM Environmental Liabilities
 - Recommendation 3: Assess resiliency of LM sites to climate change and how it impacts their EL
 - Lawrence Berkeley National Laboratory started LM sites evaluations
- DOE Climate Action Plan
 - Requires all program offices to prepare vulnerability and resiliency plans for all sites
 - LM wants to integrate LBNL work with DOE CAP as much as possible to address climate and environmental remedies

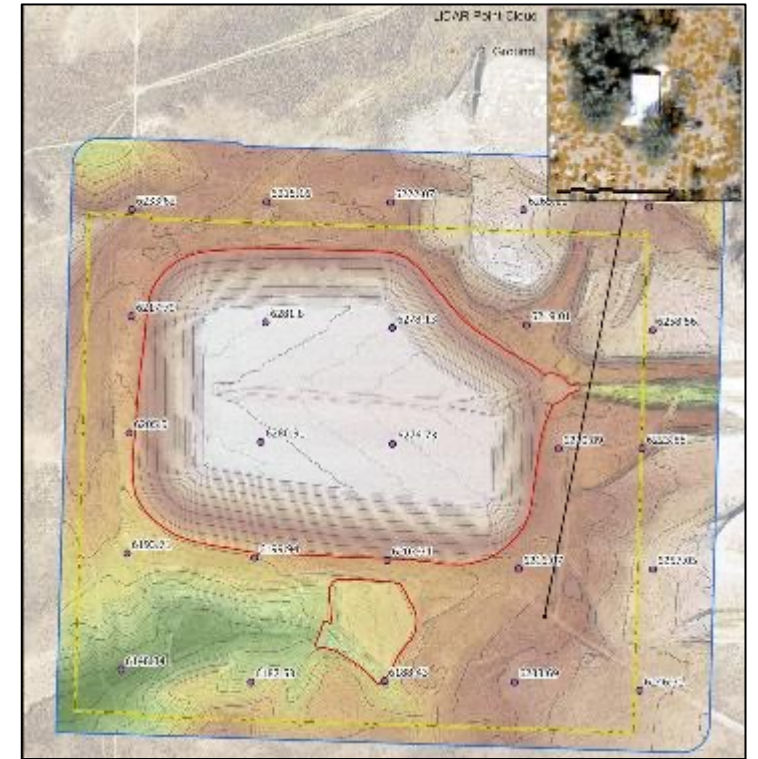
- LM manages sites in nine of the 10 regions used in the fourth National Climate Assessment (NCA-4)
- Conclusions about climate change impacts on environmental remedies from LBNL work could be used by other program offices



Regions Used for the Fourth National Climate Assessment (NCA-4); 2018

Long-Term Surveillance Using UAS

- LM began baseline aerial surveys in 2018
- Through March 2023, LM has completed baseline aerial surveys at 20 sites
 - Also completed 6 follow-up aerial surveys (post-baseline) at additional sites since October 2021, including performing change detection analysis versus the site's previous baseline aerial surveys



Lidar imagery of Maybell West, Colorado, Disposal Site



Partnerships and Collaboration

- Lectures and seminars
- Field tours
- Publications and media
- Graduate committees
- Mentorships



DOE and Nuclear Regulatory Commission staff inspect the temporary cover on the Moab tailings disposal site in Crescent Junction, Utah

AS&T scientist gives a field tour to Colorado Mesa University undergraduate students



Summary and Discussion

- Office of Legacy Management AS&T program
 - Developing solutions to long-term stewardship challenges
 - “Tempered by the past, poised for the future...”



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