

```
use_z = False
mirror_mod.use_x = False
mirror_mod.use_y = False
mirror_mod.use_z = True

#selection at the end -add
mirror_ob.select= 1
mirror_ob.select=1
context.scene.objects.active
("Selected" + str(modifier_
mirror_ob.select = 0
= bpy.context.selected_object
data.objects[one.name].select
print("please select exactly
-- OPERATOR CLASSES --
```



# Integrated Spatial Analytics and Real-Time Data Management for Optimized Soil Reuse in Large-Scale Industrial Remediation

Tori Ward

November 4, 2025

# Site Background

- **Key Point**: Large site with a complicated release history and very large data set

>80-acre facility

Manufacturing operations  
from 1890's to 2002

Produced aniline, acids,  
rubbers, synthetic rubbers,  
agricultural chemicals

78 AOC's

# Lots of Remediation

- ▶ Tank Removals
- ▶ DNAPL Recovery
- ▶ Soil Excavation
- ▶ Soil Mixing
- ▶ Injections



# Why use an Automated Pipeline?



**Soil Management Plan for Each Phase of Work**



**Very Large Data Set**



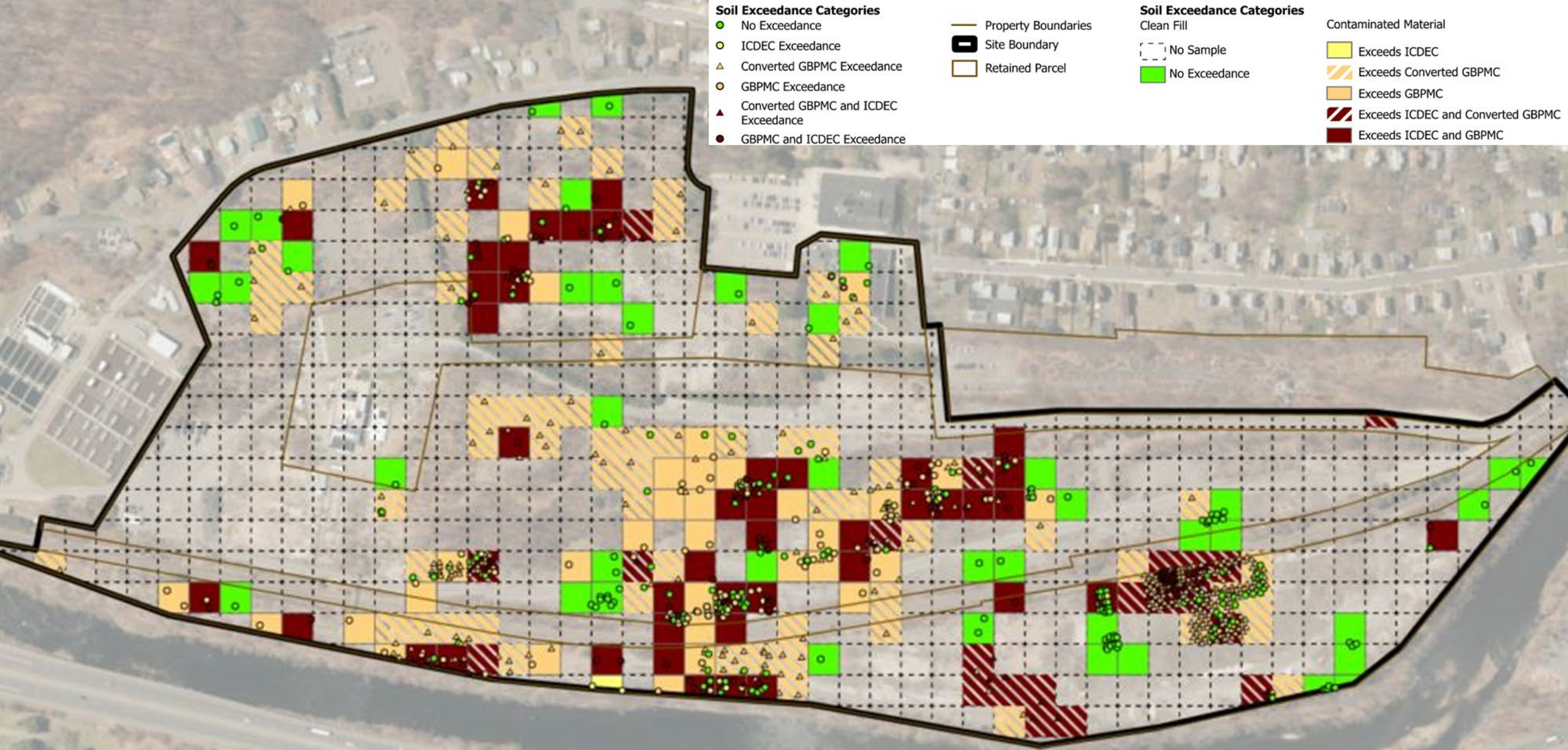
**Development Plans are Fluid**



**All Soil to be Re-Used On-Site**



**We need an innovative approach!**



# Developed Site-Wide Grid and Soil Categories

# Coding Pipeline

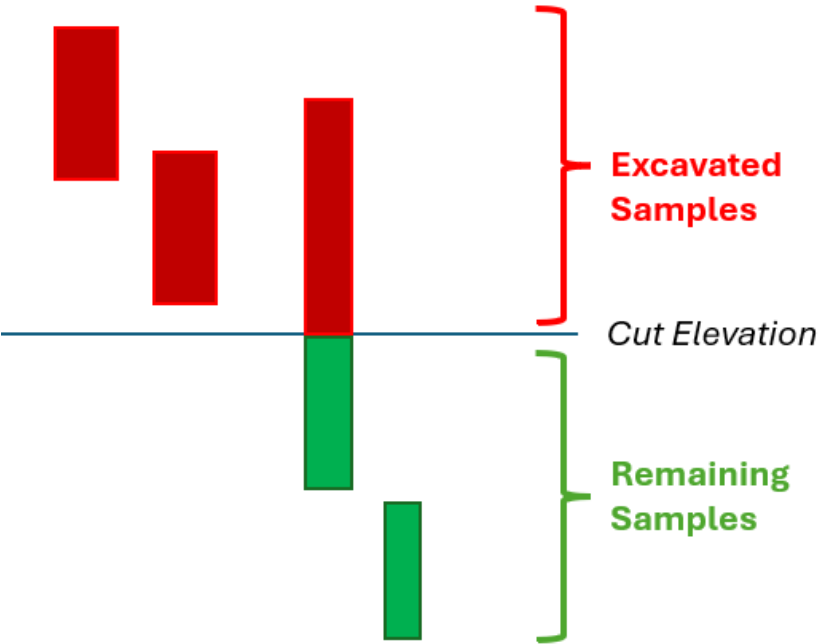
## 1) Individual Sample

- Query data from the database & generate a table of exceedance categories by sample

Location	Depth	GBPMC Exceed	ICDEC Exceed
SB1	6-8	NoExceed	NoExceed
SB2	0-2	NoDetections	DCNOV
SB2	4-6	NoDetections	DCNOV
SB3	0-2	LEP Review	LEP Review
SB3	2-4	ExceedDetect	NoExceed

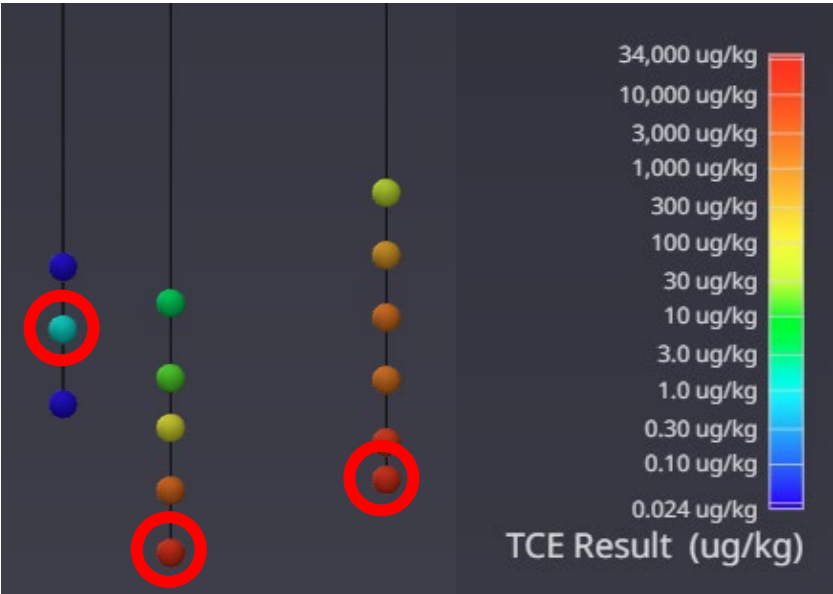
## 2) Cut/Fill

- Splits data into 'excavated' or 'remaining' samples based on cut/fill elevations



## 3) Max Exceedance By Depth

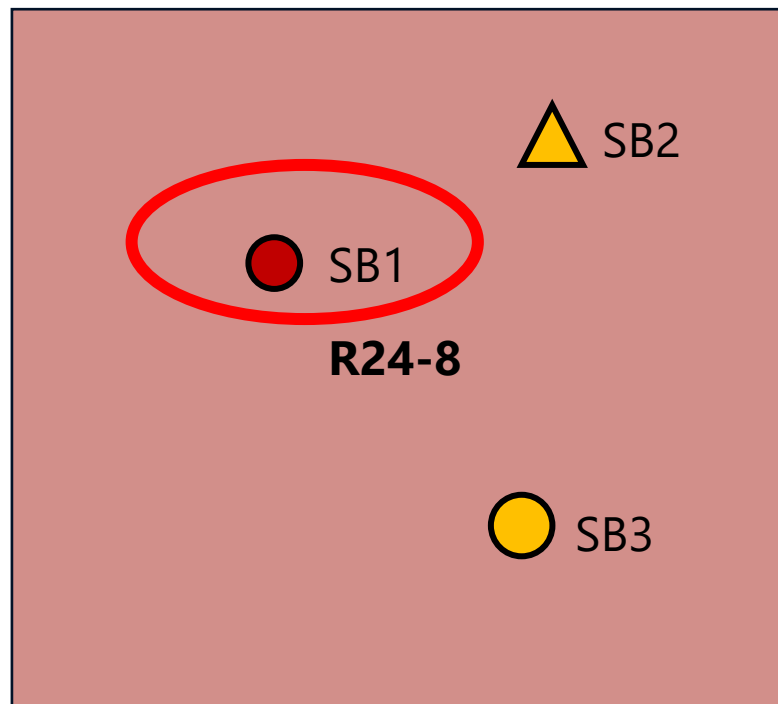
- Evaluate the maximum exceedance categories across all depths at an x,y-location



# Coding Pipeline

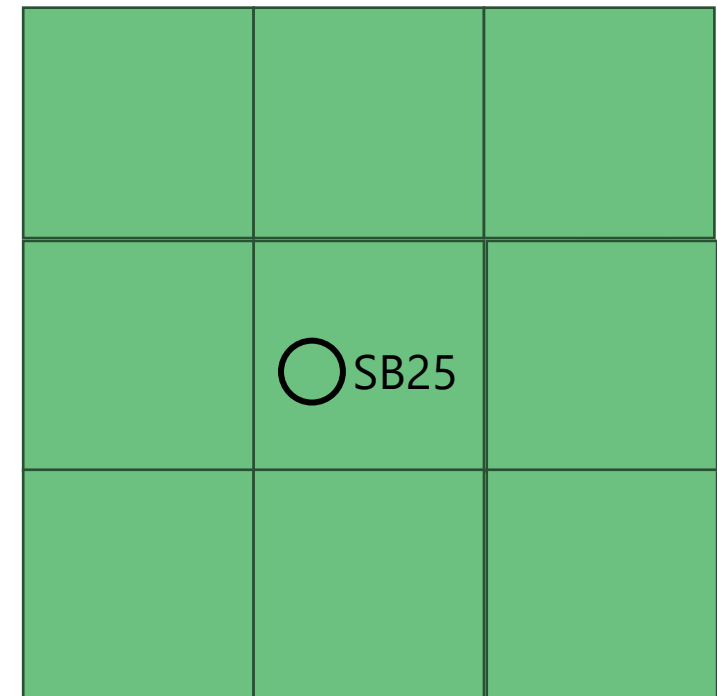
## 4) Max Exceedance GRID

- Assign most conservative exceedance to each grid cell (based on samples within)



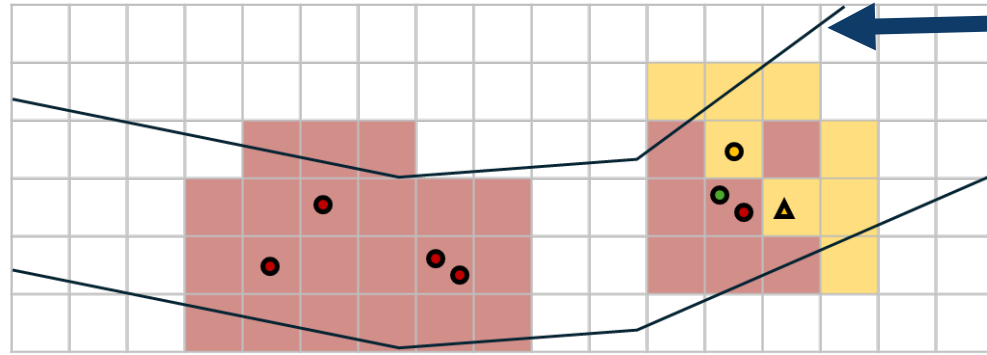
## 5) Max Exceedance GRID Extrapolated

- Assigns a designation to adjacent grids that do not contain samples



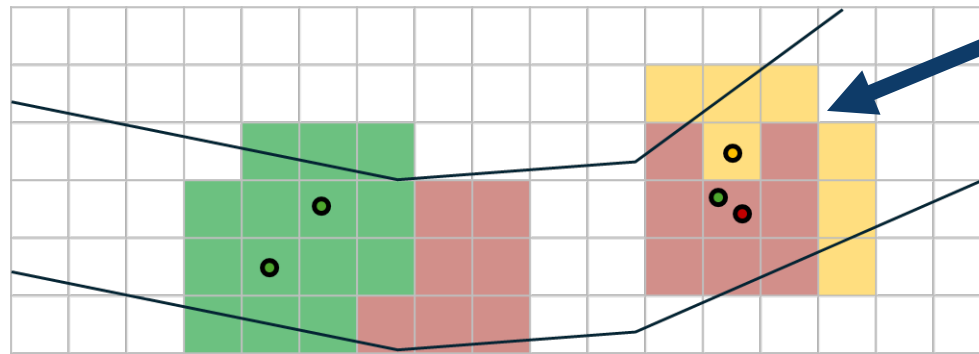
# Example Redevelopment Phase

*Excavate*



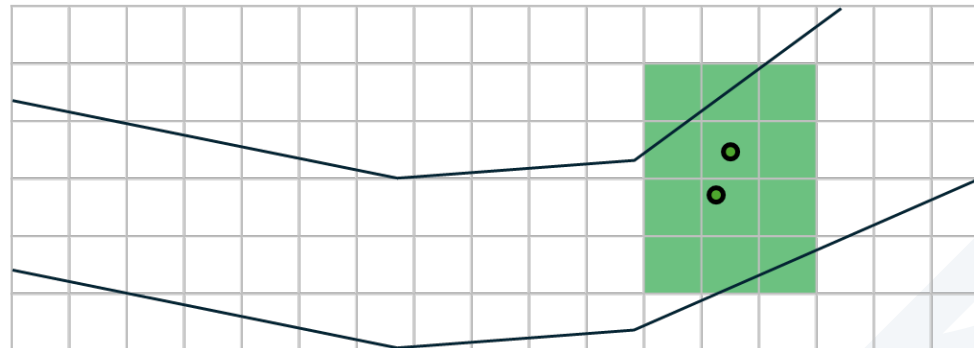
*Remediate*

Phase Boundary



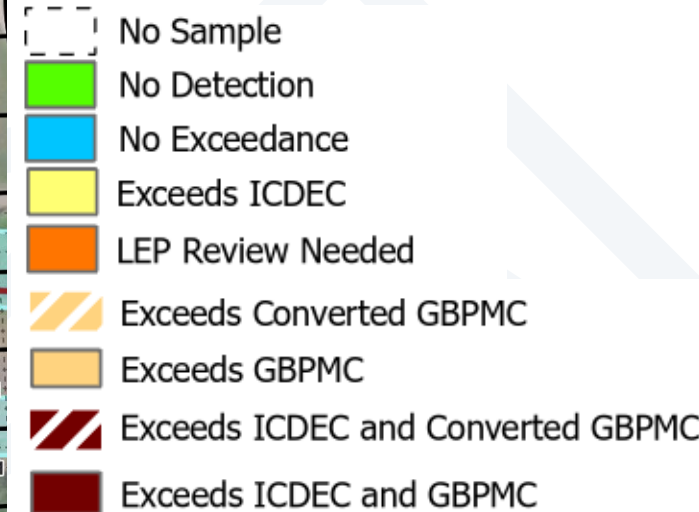
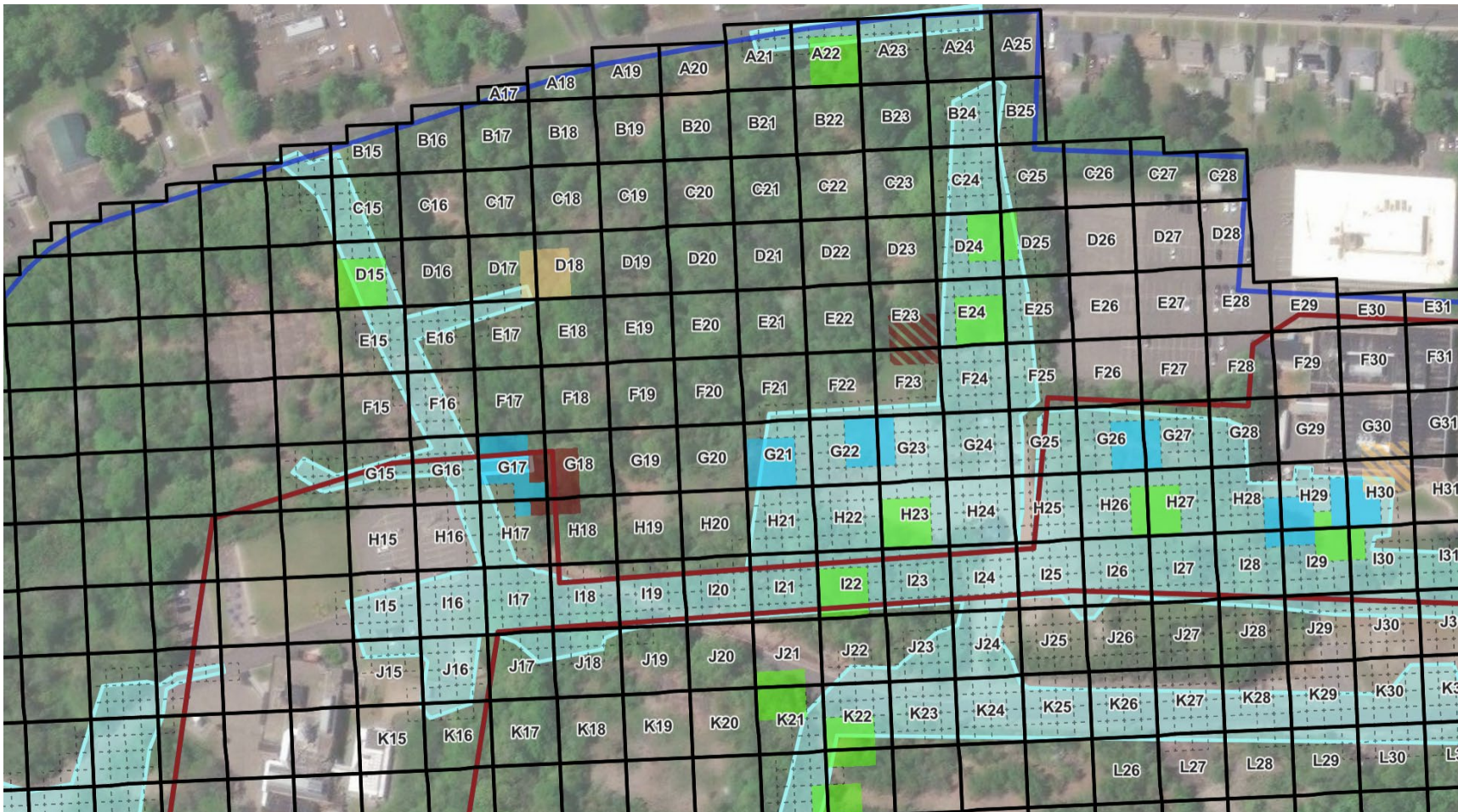
*Remain*

Contaminated Material  
Remaining After Redevelopment  
Based Excavation



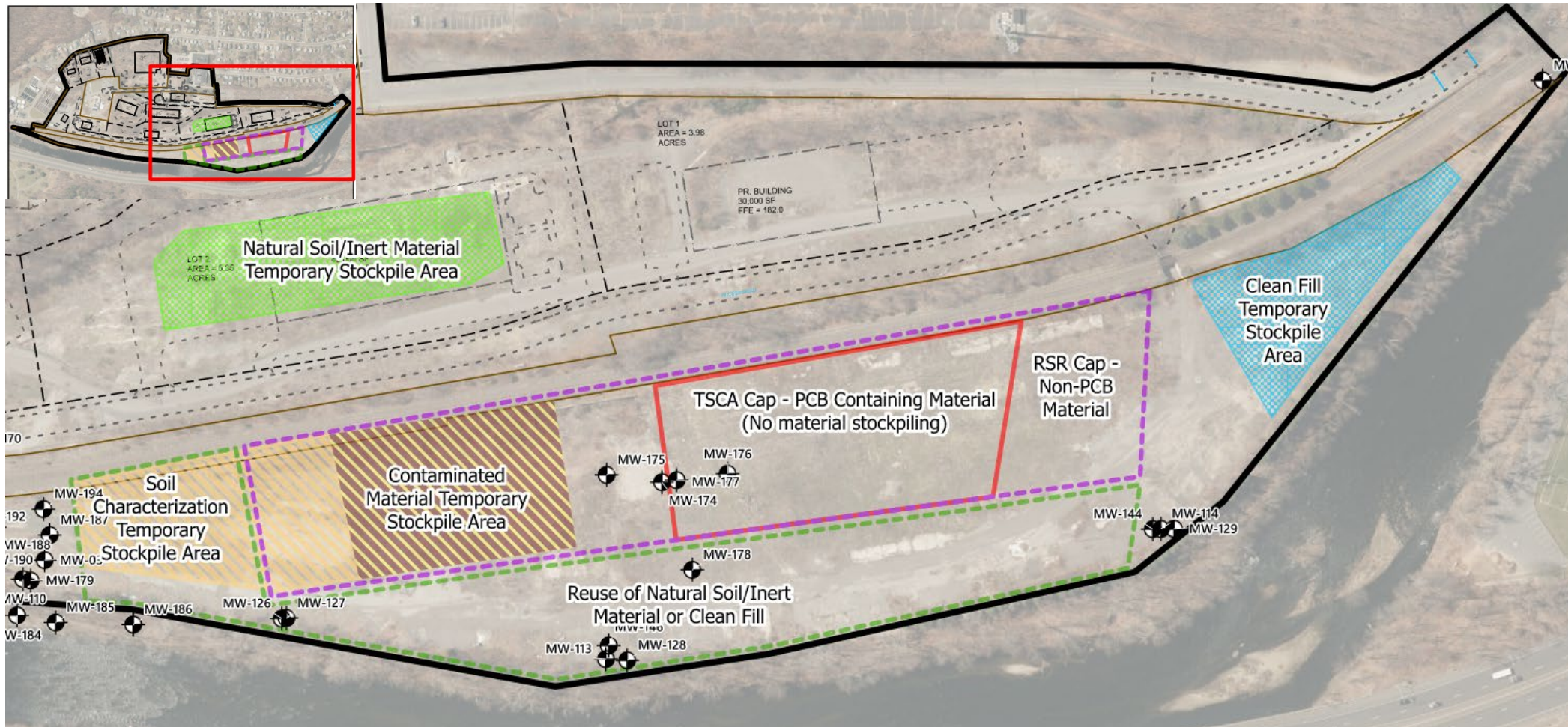
# Field Maps - Real Time Tracking

- ▶ **Excavated** ArcGIS shapefile
  - Grid color indicates what contractors expect to encounter during excavation



# Field Maps - Soil Management

- Colors & Hatching Symbology = Stockpile Areas

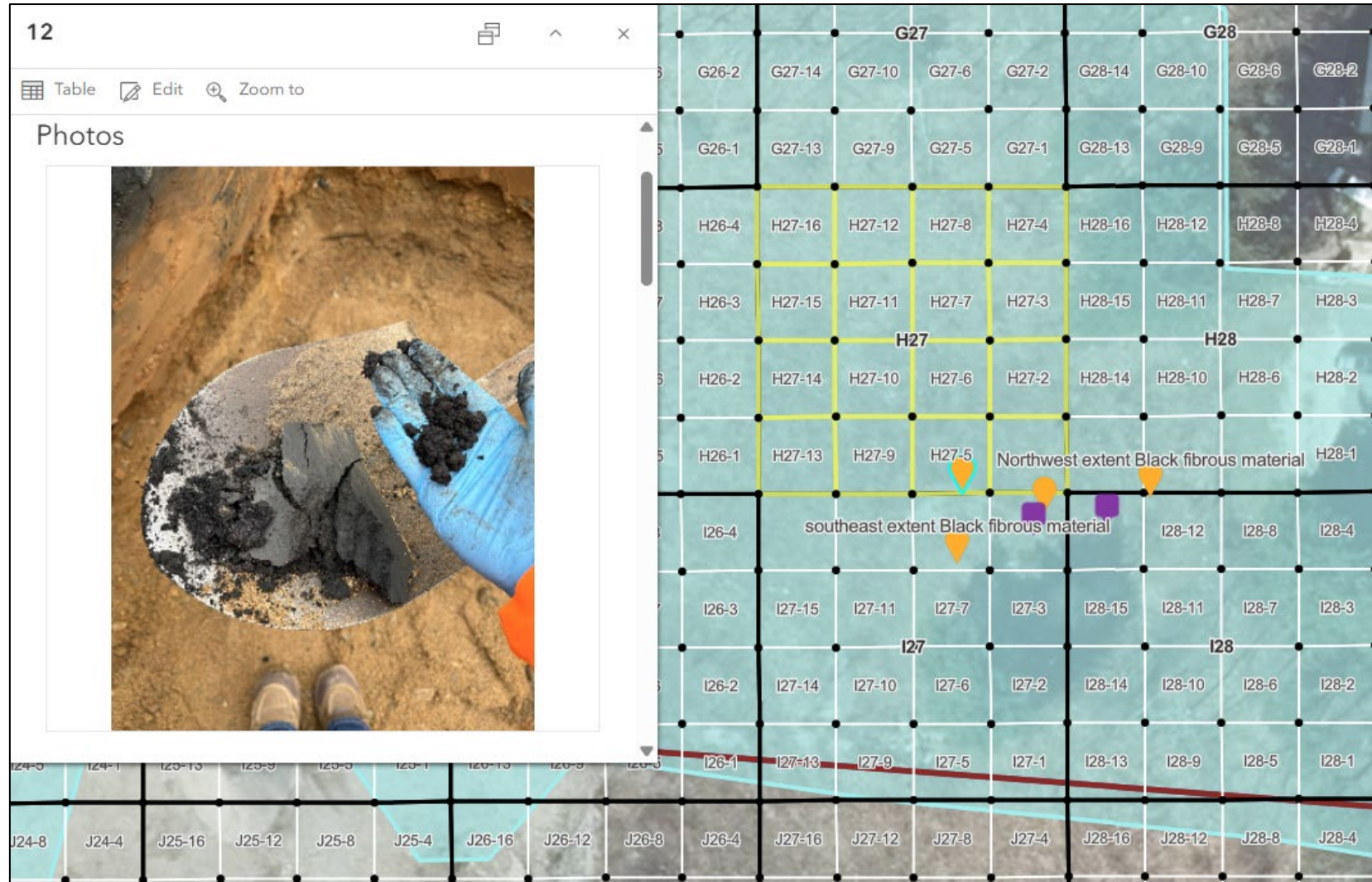


# Field Maps - Functionality

- Precise Tracking
  - Pins with attached pictures & notes
  - Extents of excavation
  - Grid IDs for soil management

Example:

*H27-5 grid cell, discovered dark fibrous material ->*



# Project Benefits and Outcomes

## ► **Field Maps**

- Track in real time & quickly adapt to new data

## ► **Complex sites with numerous constituents, samples, historic data**

- Automate delineation using grid cell approach

## ► **Process efficiencies**

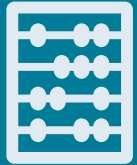
- Reduce time generating deliverables through automation of figures
- Evaluate data gaps/ confirmation samples in a streamlined way
- Reduce potential for human error



# Savings that Scale



Maximizing on-site soil reuse minimizes costly soil disposal fees



Automating soil management eliminates hundreds of hours of manual labor



Minimizing human error lowers the risk of expensive rework



Precise, real-time field updates reduces lag time in making decisions, expediting the construction schedule



Big Cost Savings!



Added Bonus: Increased project sustainability



# Questions?

**Thank you for listening!**

Tori Ward

Woodard & Curran

[vward@woodardcurran.com](mailto:vward@woodardcurran.com)