

## Updates in Site End State and Stewardship Strategy:

**UK Nuclear Decommissioning Authority (NDA)** 

Dr Frank Wigley 5<sup>th</sup> November 2025





#### A UK cultural moment in the context of nuclear site stewardship



5<sup>th</sup> November 1605: The Gunpowder Plot which included Guy Fawkes was a failed attempt to assassinate the King and destroy parliament. The aim to blow up the Houses of Parliament in London

**420 Years of Cultural Stewardship:** The Gunpowder Plot has been remembered, reinterpreted, and ritualized across centuries — an interesting case study of how society manages historical narratives.

The narrative has evolved—from demonization to a reflection of how society ritualizes risk and rebellion into cultural memory.

**300-Year Nuclear Stewardship Horizon:** UK nuclear policy plans for long-term site management, often spanning centuries, to ensure safety, environmental protection, and public trust.

Intergenerational Responsibility: Both timelines reflect the challenge of passing down knowledge, values, and responsibilities across generations.



#### **NDA Strategy 5**



- Mid-November: Present final draft Strategy (postconsultation) to our senior stakeholder group (NDSPG).
- Late 2025/Early 2026: Endorsement by the NDA Board.
- Early 2026: Submission to Government for review.
- March 2026: Final publication, as planned.
- The NDA group Draft Strategy 2025 for public consultation - GOV.UK



#### **Key principles from NDA Strategy 5**

- Avoid duplication in our development of new assets
- Enable reuse of our land and assets, either by our operating companies or others
- Minimise our nuclear footprint, for example, by delicensing where we can or consolidating our nuclear activities where practicable
- Integrate transport and logistics considerations into our spatial planning for any new developments
- Ensure climate resilience and support delivery of net zero by 2050 in line with current government policy
- Deconflict and secure synergistic opportunities across the UK nuclear enterprise







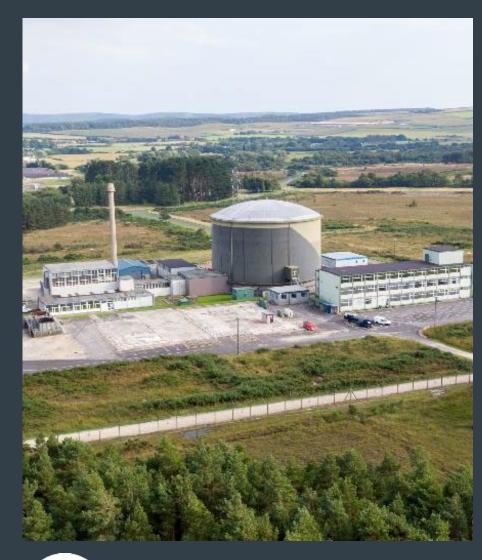


# Site End State - UK

The condition to which the site (land, structures and infrastructure) will be taken at the end of the decommissioning process

- It Must be:
  - Safe
  - Sustainable
  - Publicly Acceptable
- Enable beneficial reuse as early as possible
- Controls may be used to protect people and the environment from residual hazards where necessary
- Assumptions at this stage due to future uncertainty. Enough to set direction and focus future work

### **Establishing Preferred Site End State Assumptions**



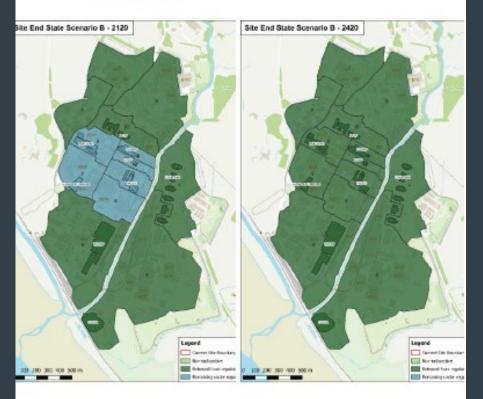
# Continued development of credible risk informed site end states

- Winfrith: leads with a and end state which defines two disposals and other land which will have a condition suitable for open access
  - Submitted an application for environmental permit (Dec'24)
  - Application for planning permission shortly
- Trawsfynydd: Application for disposal of cooling ponds structure
  - Part of the overall end state
  - In iteration as part of lead and learn process
- Other NRS sites: iterative work continues
  - Better understanding engagement
  - Applying LFE from applications



### **Establishing Preferred Site End State Assumptions**

B. Release most of site by 2120 but retain control of higher hazard areas for up to 300 y

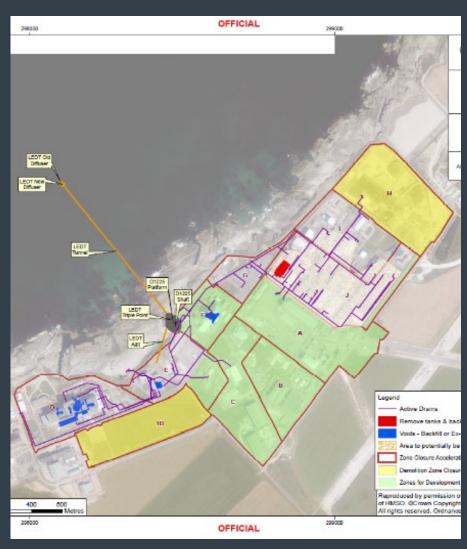


Continued development of credible risk informed site end states

- Sellafield: Component assessments complete with a site balance underway
  - Condition directly relates to the final control dates
  - Further stakeholder engagement to do
  - Mapping assumptions across decommissioning and land use
- Dounreay: Implementing and understanding material uncertainties
  - Confidence in assumptions for the LLW disposal pits
  - Defining the outcomes of decommissioning programmes



#### **Evolution of Site End States Strategy**



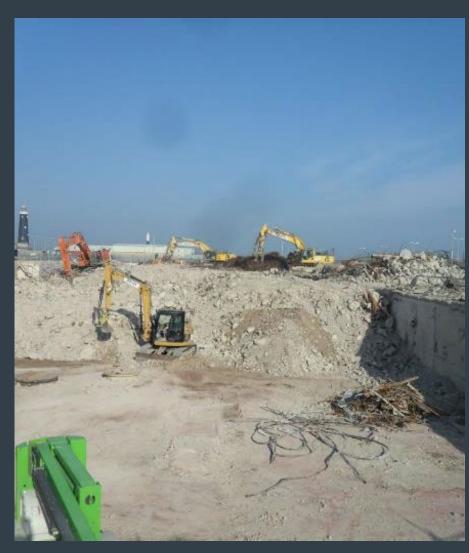
#### **Adoption of iterative assumptions**

- review as data and community expectations evolve
- Manage new potential options
- Integrate with evolving land use planning and national policy

#### **Strategic Thread thinking**

- How does condition affect:
  - Decommissioning
  - Waste management
  - Land use and release
- Enabling change control
- Defining confidence in programmes and masterplans





Strategy 5 introduces the theme of *Safe Stewardship* of our sites

- Builds on and extends from the Land quality management themes of previous strategies
- Three key themes
  - Clear roles, responsibilities and compliance
  - Continuous improvement and sustainable management
  - Stakeholder engagement and knowledge preservation





#### **Work underway**

- A review of the defined roles and responsibilities for managing the estate which establish compliance for legal, regulatory, health, safety, environmental, and security obligations
- maintaining, and continuously improving an estate management plan
- applying circular economy principles to minimise environmental impact and support sustainability





#### **Strategic Elements of Stewardship:**

- Plans are central to permit applications and permissioning
- Stewardship must be seen as time bound not indefinite
  - A risk-based responsibility
  - Recognition of funding
- Key to understand why nuclear might be different
  - Responsible waste and material storage and reuse
  - Liability management





Stakeholder Engagement and Knowledge Preservation

- Active engagement
  - with local authorities, communities, and stakeholders
  - ensure the NDA's mission aligns with regional and national needs.
  - review of engagement methodologies
- Continuing with our robust knowledge management system
  - Taxonomy
  - Indexing
  - Ease of access and future availability



### Challenges



Balancing risk, cost, and stakeholder expectations

#### Regulatory misalignment

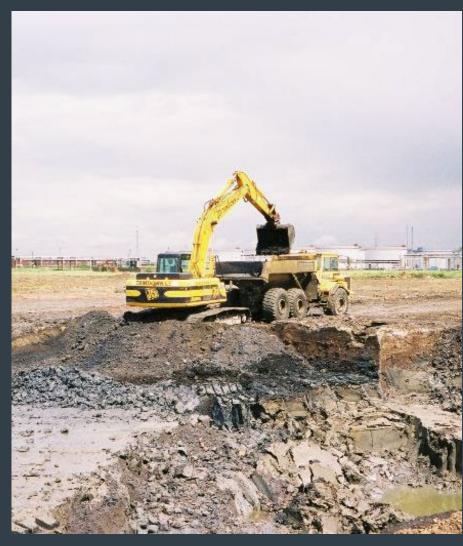
• implementation of proportionate regulatory control.

#### Knowledge management

ensuring continuity and resilience over decades



#### **Opportunities**



- Embedding UN Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs) into strategy.
- Circular and recycling economy approaches—reuse, recovery, minimising waste.
- Extending lifecycle management to include post-closure stewardship.
- International benchmarking
  - Engagement though IAEA and NEA
  - learning from DOE (USA), France, Canada and others





## **Thank You**

Nuclear Decommissioning Authority www.nda.gov.uk