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Geophysics of Old on the Hanford Site

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**2023 Global Summit
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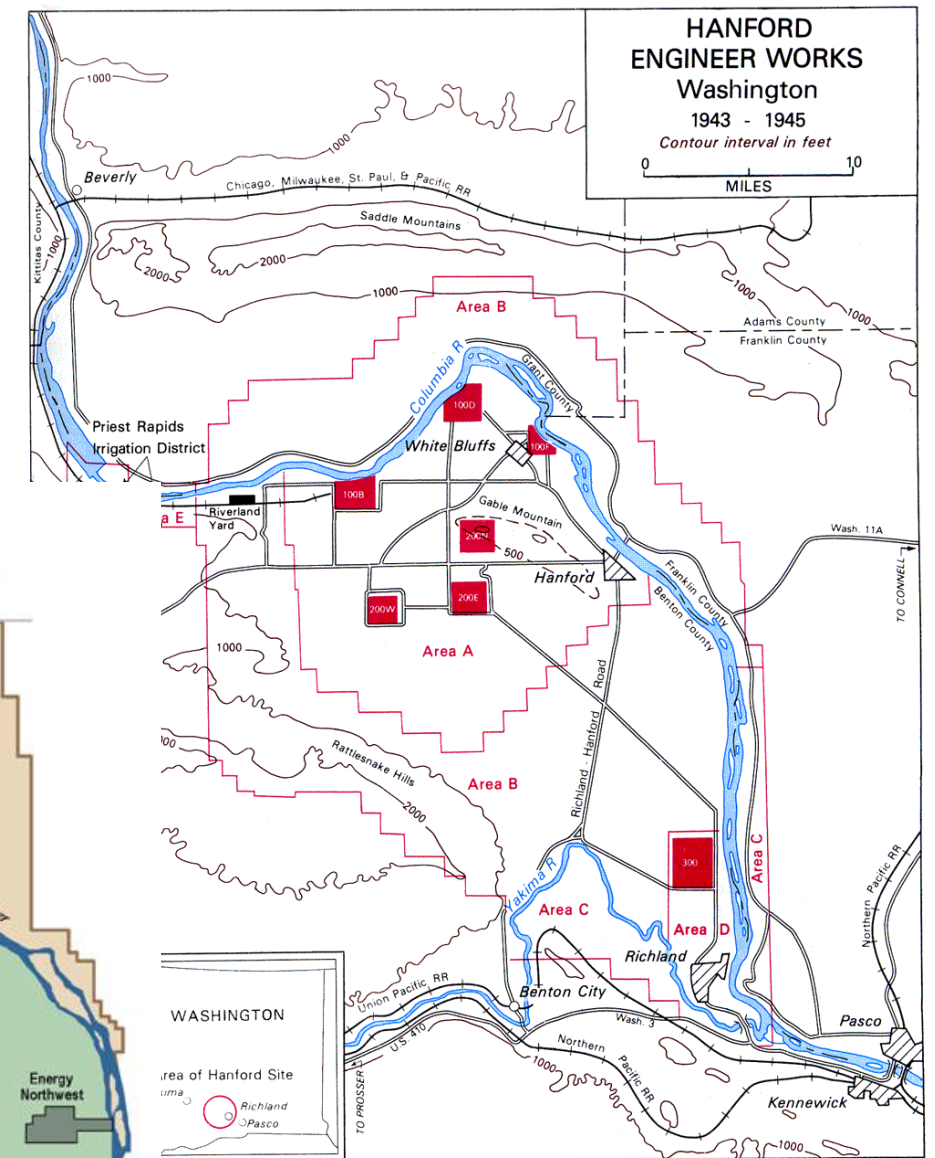
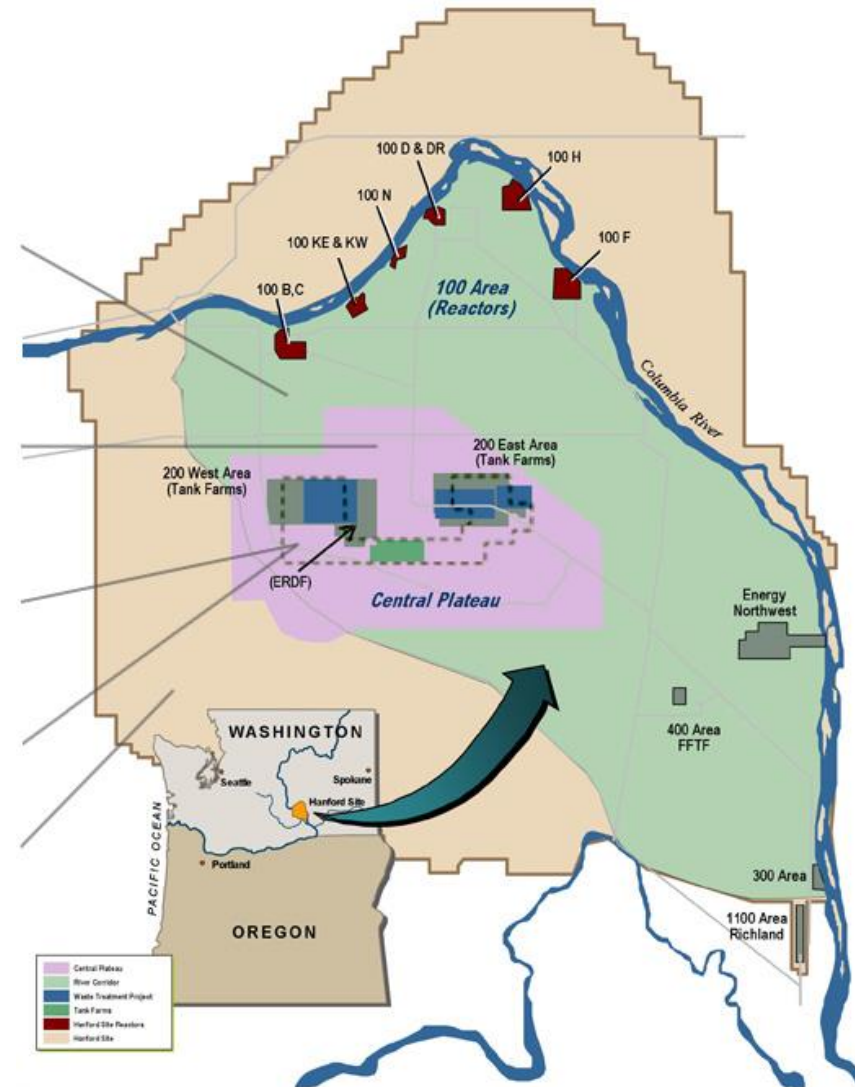
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Outline

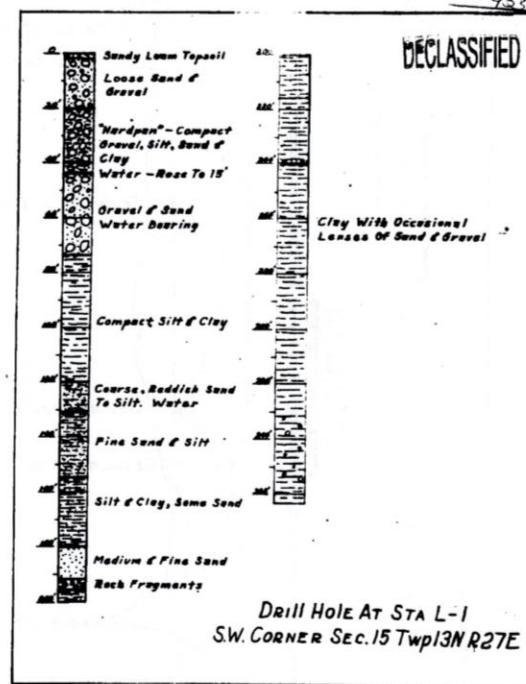
- Historical applications of geophysics on Hanford were extensive but had technical limitations
 1. 1940's Seismic for geotechnical information for sighting the chemical separations plants, referred to as the "Canyons"
 2. Basalt Waste Isolation Project (BWIP) Geologic repository





Seismic Methods at Hanford (1943)

- Used to determine geotechnical information
 - To site the “Canyons”
 - To determine depth to bedrock
 - Seismic velocities were correlated with the type and depth of soil material

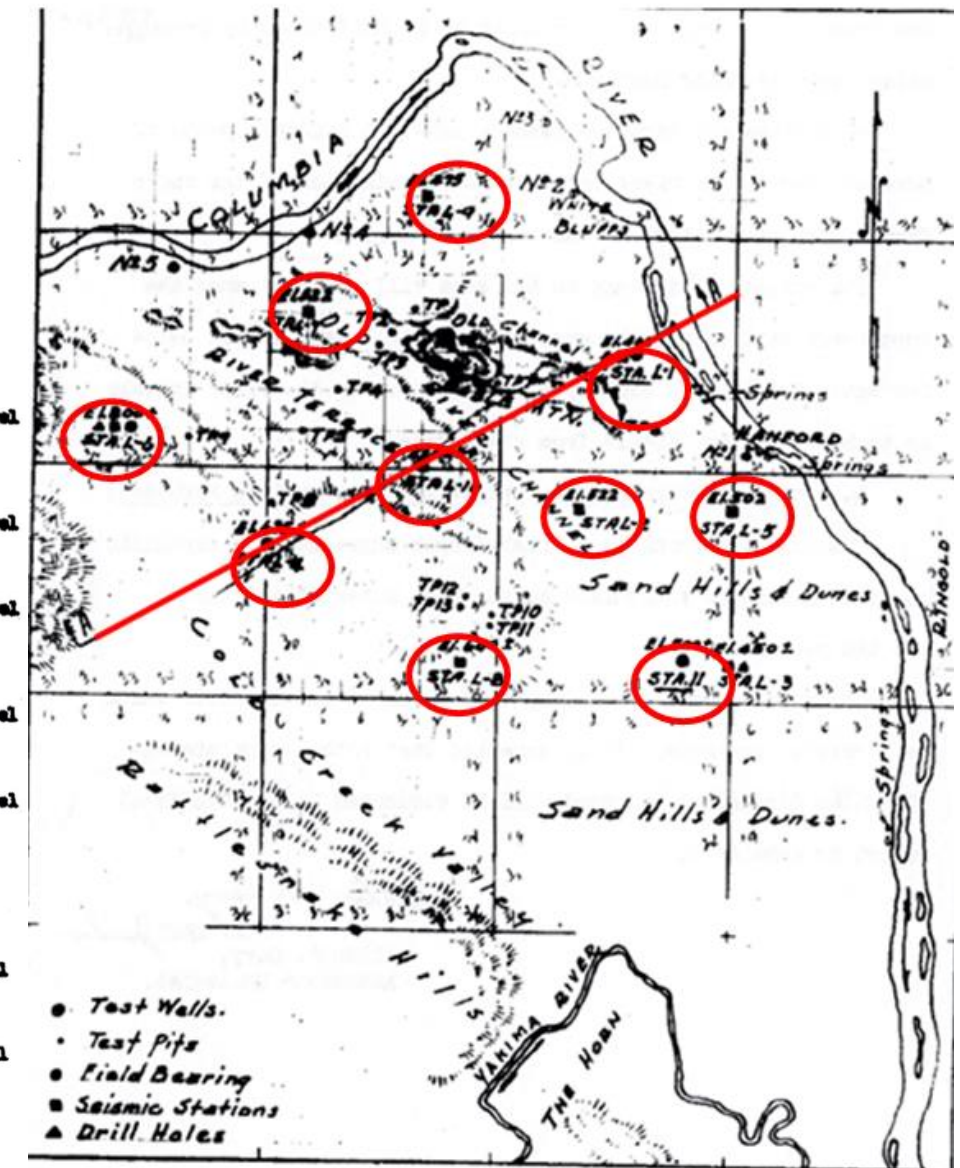


THE GABLE PROJECT
DECLASSIFIED
FIGURE 3

DDTS-GENERATED-
435

Table 1 DECLASSIFIED

| Station | Depth | Velocity ft/sec. | Material |
|---------|-------------------------------------|-----------------------------|--|
| L-1 | ± 7.4' ± 36.6' ± 110' to 154' | 1300 2150 6350 | Top soil Gravel & sand Cemented silt, sand & gravel. |
| L-2 | ± 6.1' ± 66.0' ± 140 to 212' | 800 3500 7270 1000 | Top soil Gravel & sand Com. silt, sand & gravel Topsoil |
| L-3 | ± 12.1' ± 48' ± 80 to 140' | 1100 2300 8100 | Top soil Gravel & sand Com. silt, sand & gravel |
| L-4 | ± 12.4' ± 147' ± 170 to 300' | 1500 2800 4400 | Top soil Gravel & sand Com. silt, sand & gravel (poor) |
| L-5 | ± 8.7' ± 126' | 1100 4100 6900 | Top soil Gravel & sand Com. silt, sand & gravel |
| L-6 | ± 18.0' ± 166' ± 184' | 1600 4450 7000 | Top soil Gravel & sand Com. silt, sand & gravel |
| L-7 | ± 8' ± 168' ± 176 to 346' | 1050 3800 10,700 | Top soil Gravel & sand Basalt |
| L-8 | ± 25' ± 188' ± 213' | 1400 2800 7560 | Top soil Sand & Gravel Com. silt sand & gravel |
| L-9 | ± 47.8 ± 90 to 138' | 2000 6230 | Sand & gravel Com. silt sand & gravel |
| L-10 | ± 10' ± 211' ± 221' | 800 2400 13,000 | Top soil Sand & gravel Basalt |

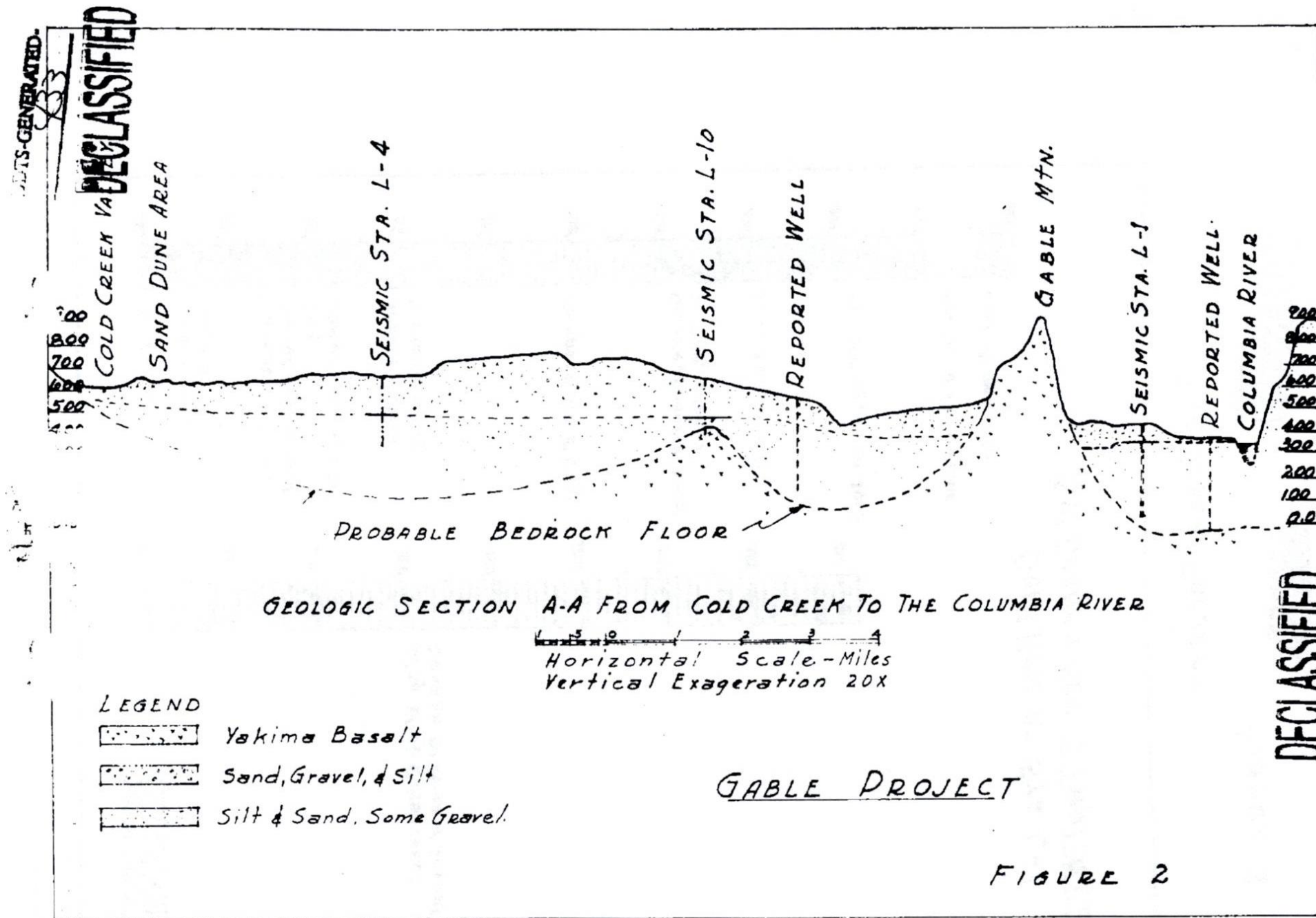


THE GABLE PROJECT
DECLASSIFIED
scale of miles



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DDTS-433, Preliminary Geological Report Gable Site, January 28, 1943.



- One of the first conceptual site models of bedrock depth extrapolated from seismic surveys and boreholes
- Uncertainty regarding bedrock floor



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BWIP Geologic repository siting (late 1970-80s)

- Feasibility study to determine where to locate a repository for reactor irradiated fuel and other nuclear byproducts
 - Understanding the geoengineering properties of host rock
 - Evaluate the ability of host rock to provide a structural barrier to the migration of radionuclides
 - This was one site under consideration

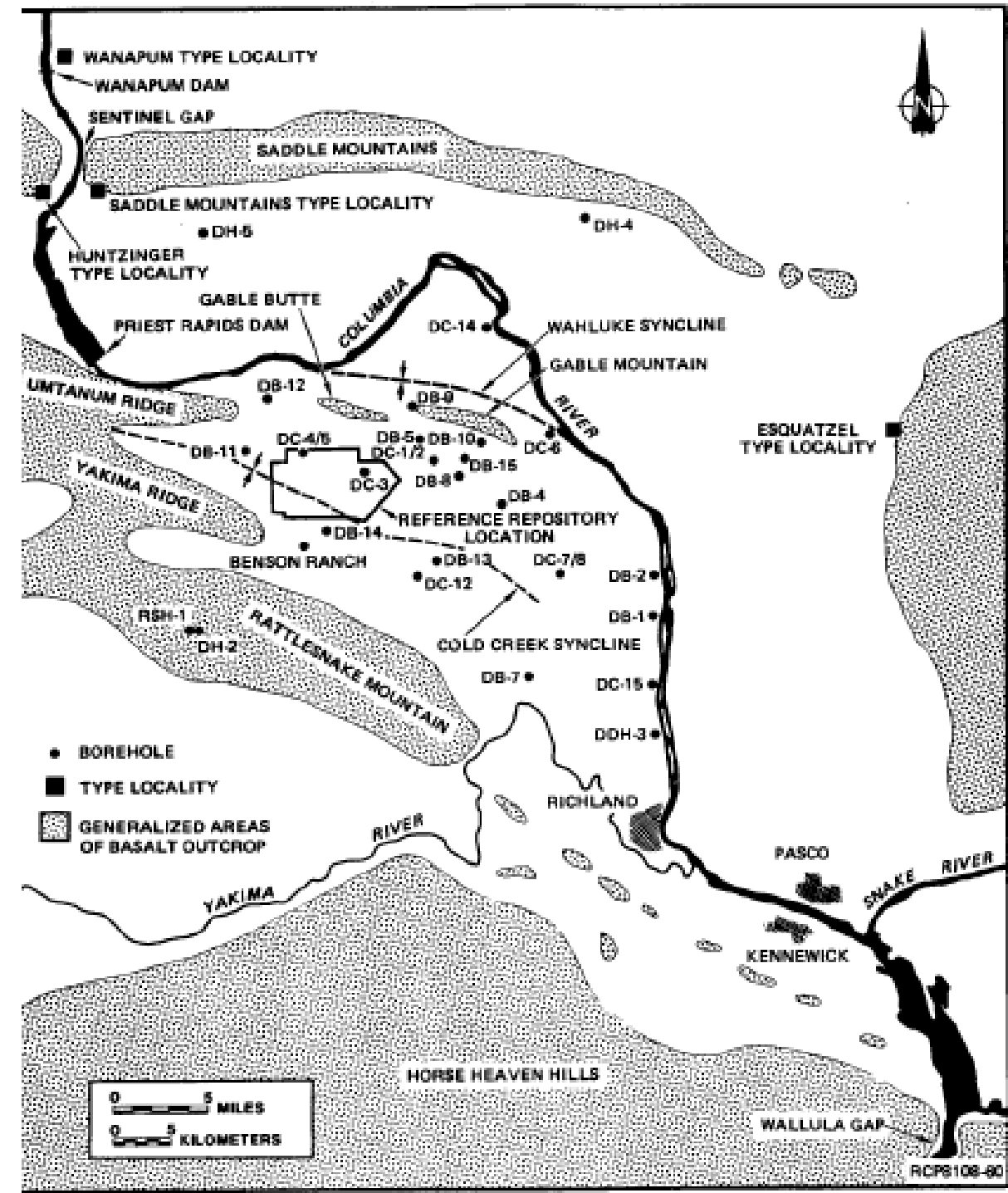


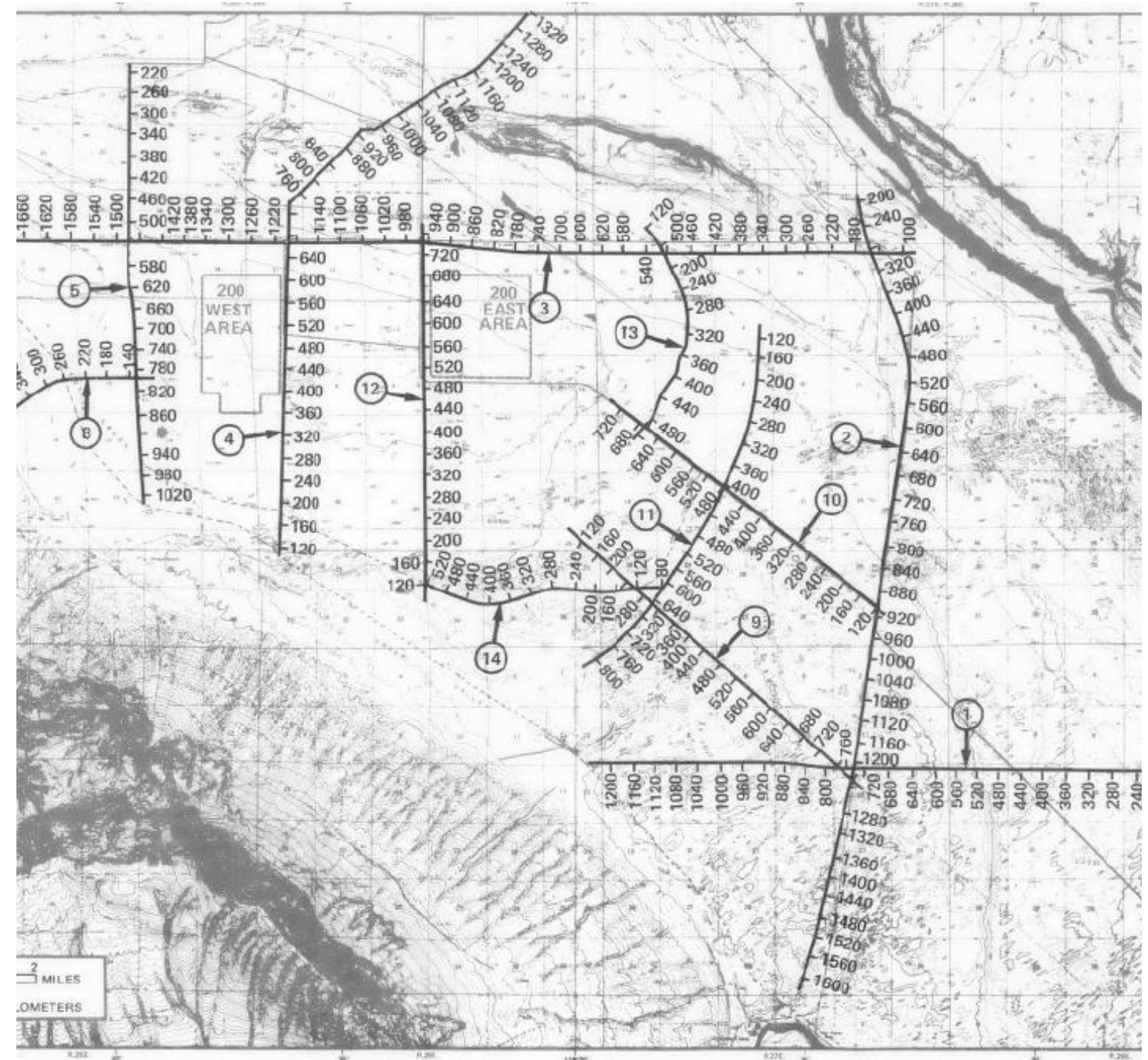
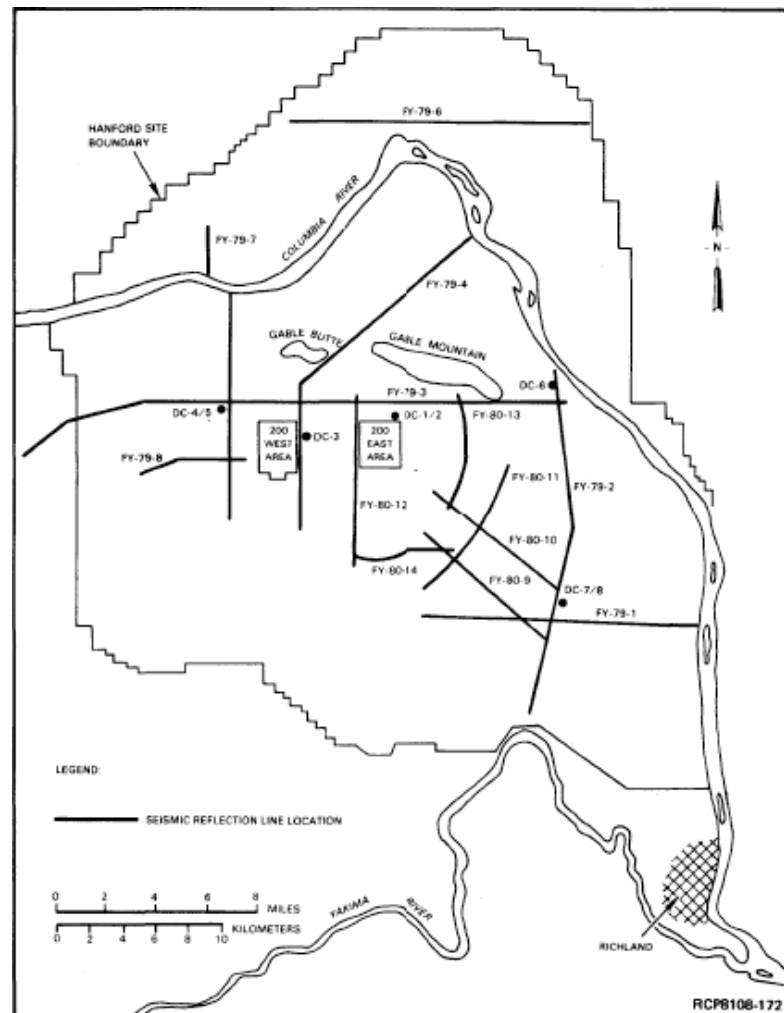
FIGURE 3-2. Location of Referenced Features, Pasco Basin and Nearby Area.



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Seismic Reflection and Multilevel Aeromagnetic Surveys

Data field campaign in the Cold Creek Syncline Area





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Aeromagnetic Field Contour Maps

760 m



1,220 m



One of the first data outputs of the aeromagnetic survey raw data



Magnetic Interpretation of Deconvolution Solutions

- Magnetic surveys produced an approximate depth and dip of dikes and structures (e.g. fault zones) on Hanford
- Multiple-source Werner deconvolution was the depth-estimation method that was used for 2D bodies (1983)
- Had the advantage of being easily programmed on a digital computer
- Evolved into the basis of the automatic interpretation schemes.
- By 1993 a 3D methodology was developed.

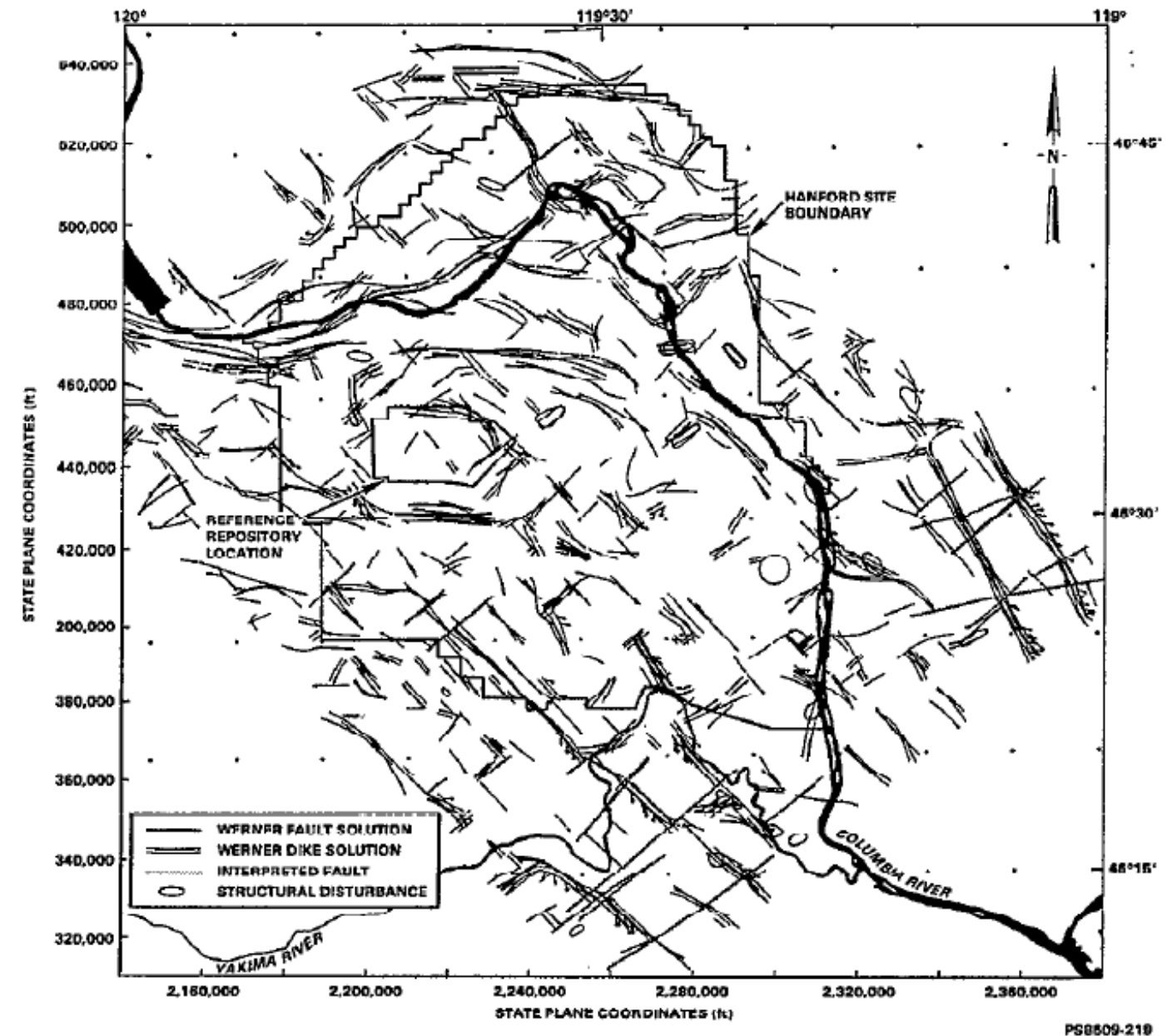


Figure 1.3-32. Summary of Werner deconvolution solutions for aeromagnetic survey data (AERO, 1980).



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Ground-based Magnetics and Vertical Electrical Soundings (VES)

Focused on stratigraphic boundary interpretations near Gable Gap

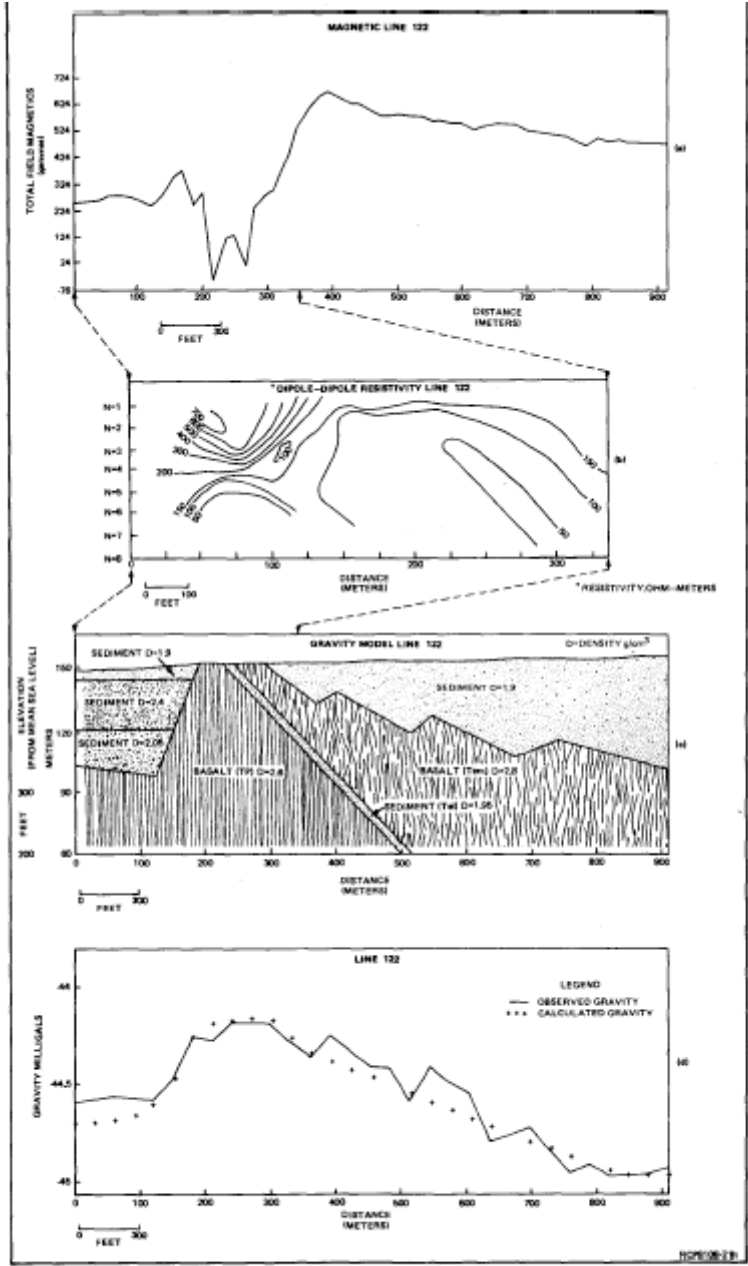
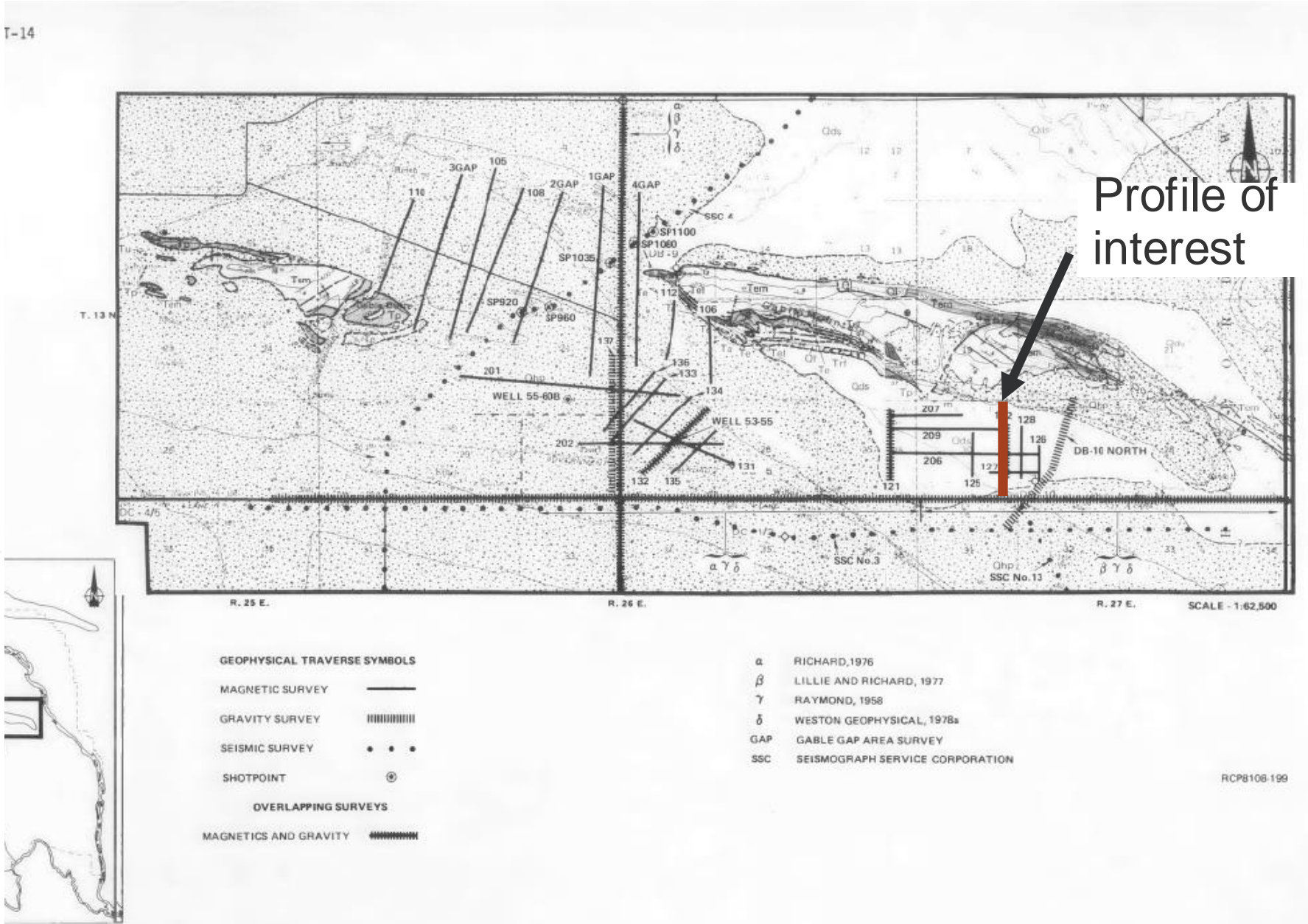


FIGURE D-12. DB-10 Area Surveys, Line 122.

D-14



Mountain-Gable Butte Survey Areas (see Table 3-1 for explanation).

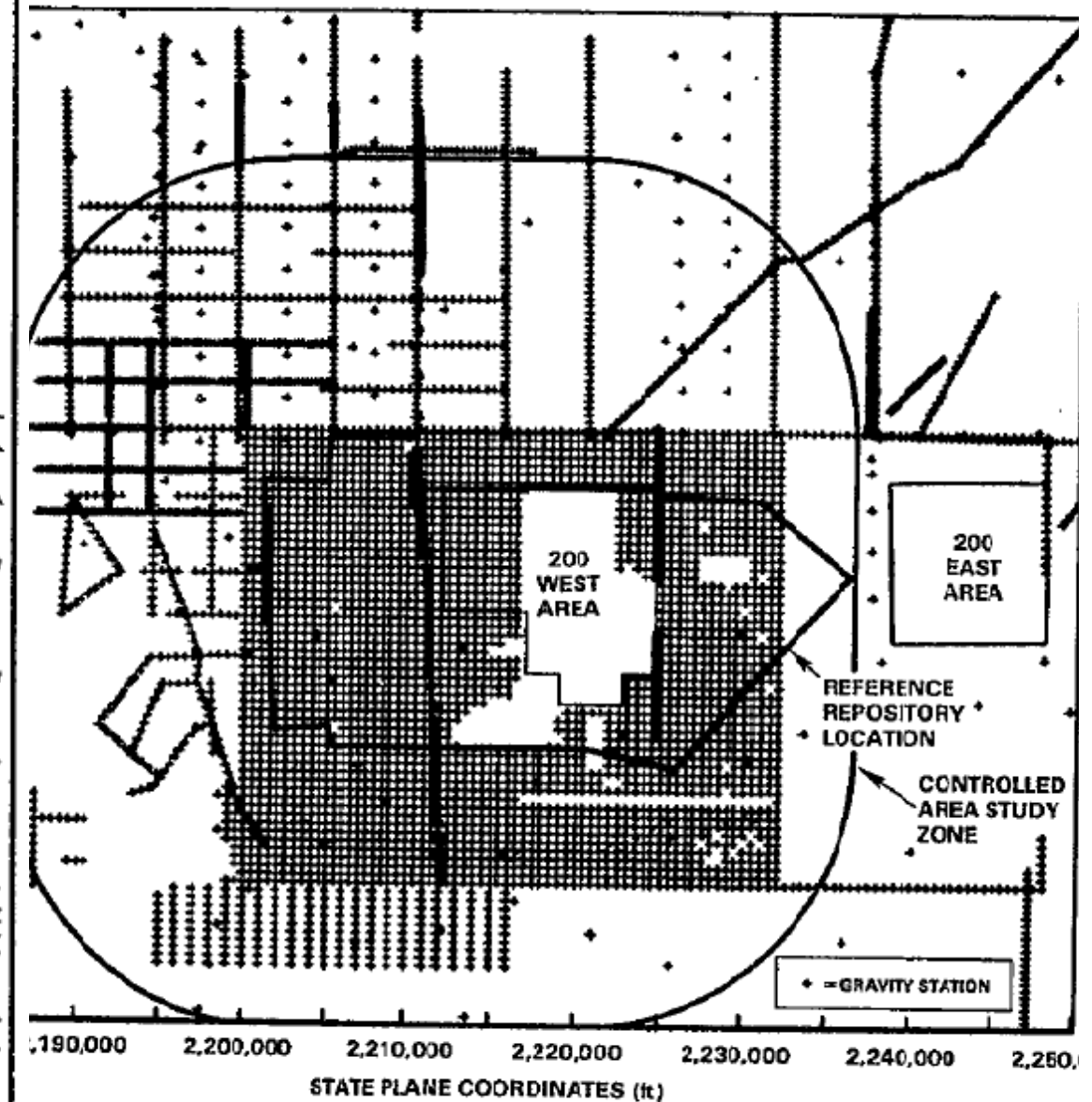
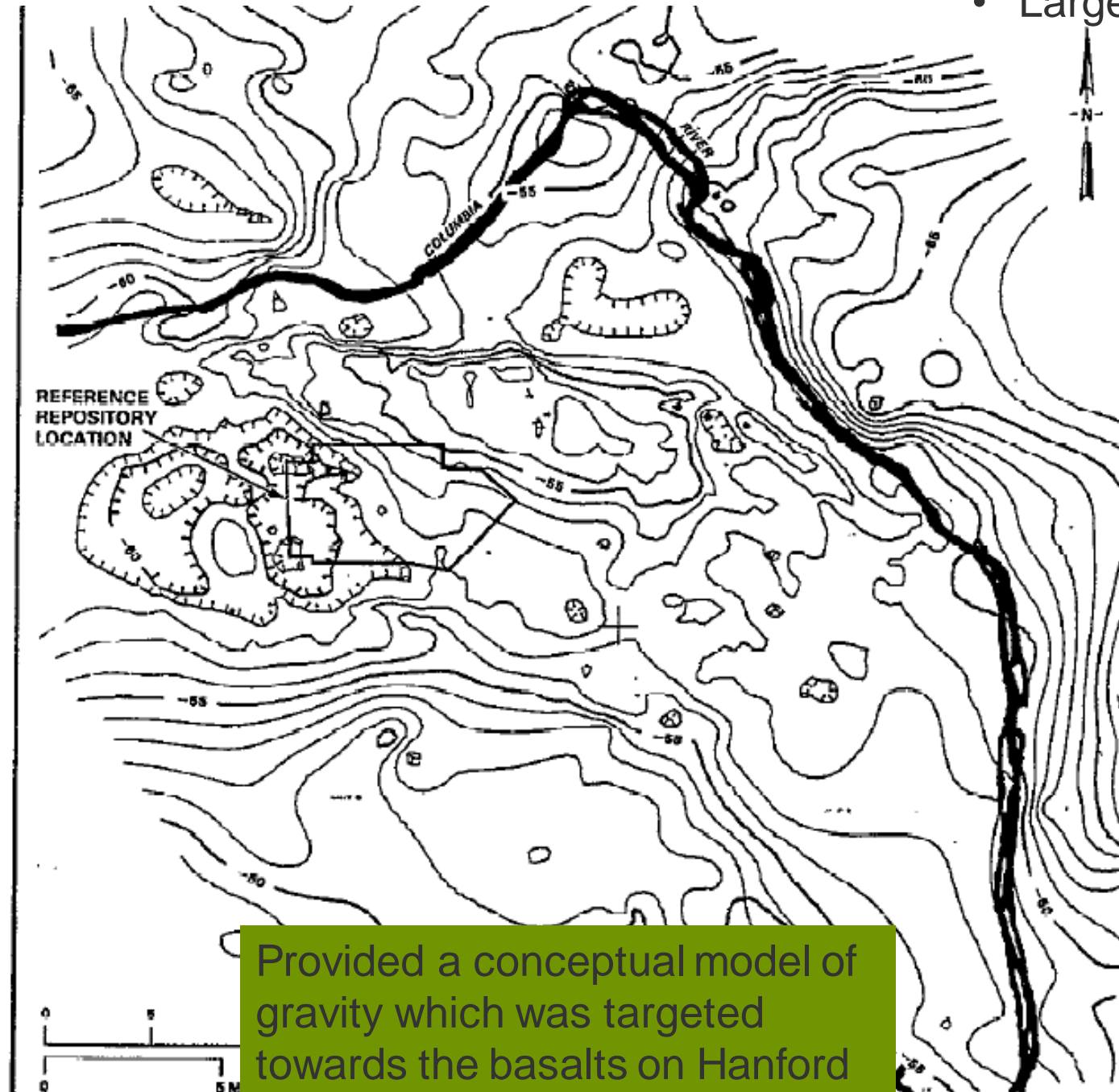
D-2



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Gravity Surveys

- Provides information about the densities of rock
- Gravity stations in the Reference Repository Location
- Large density of gravity stations

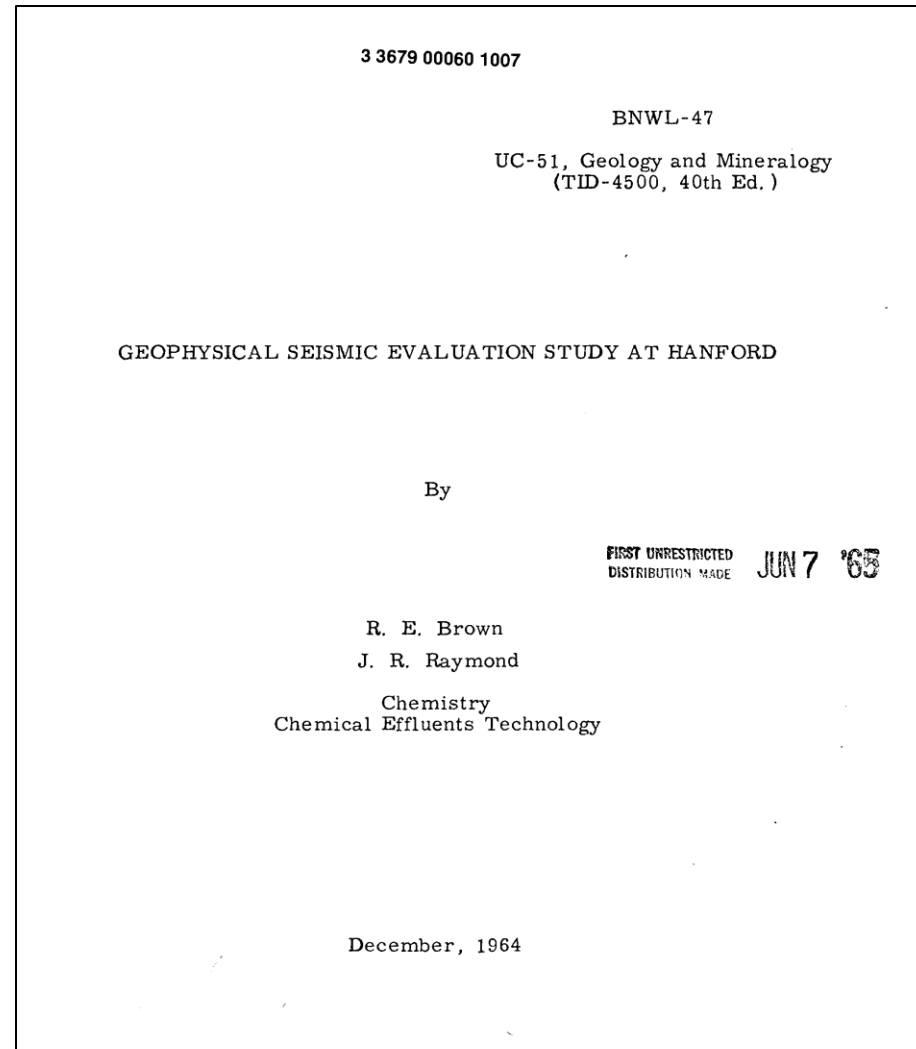


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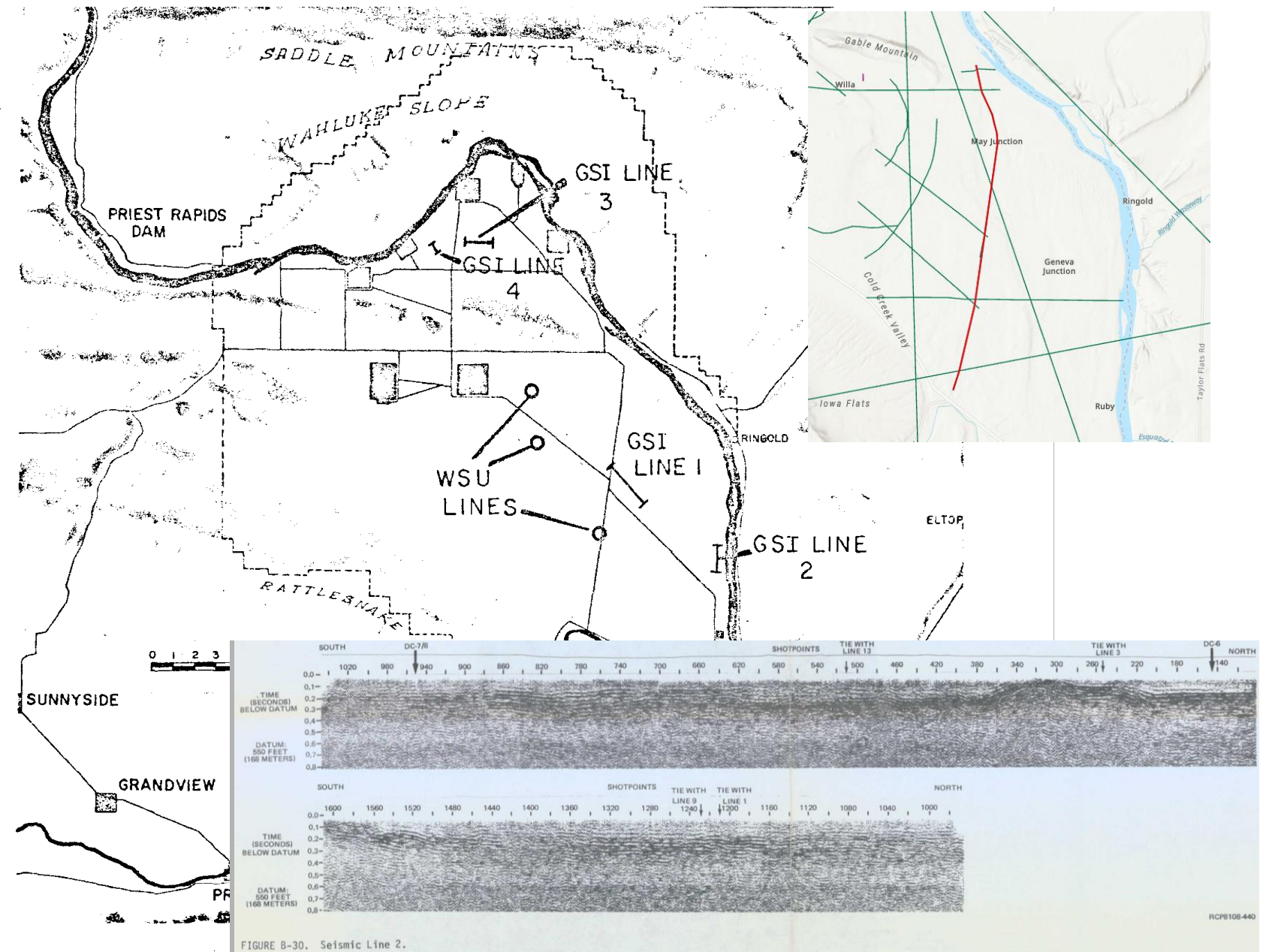


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Geophysical Data from Washington State University



WSU repository has geophysical data for the entire state of Washington including Hanford (dating back to the 1960s) and is Web GIS based.



Index Map Showing the Location of the Geophysical Service, Inc. and Washington State University Seismic Lines



The Good Old Days

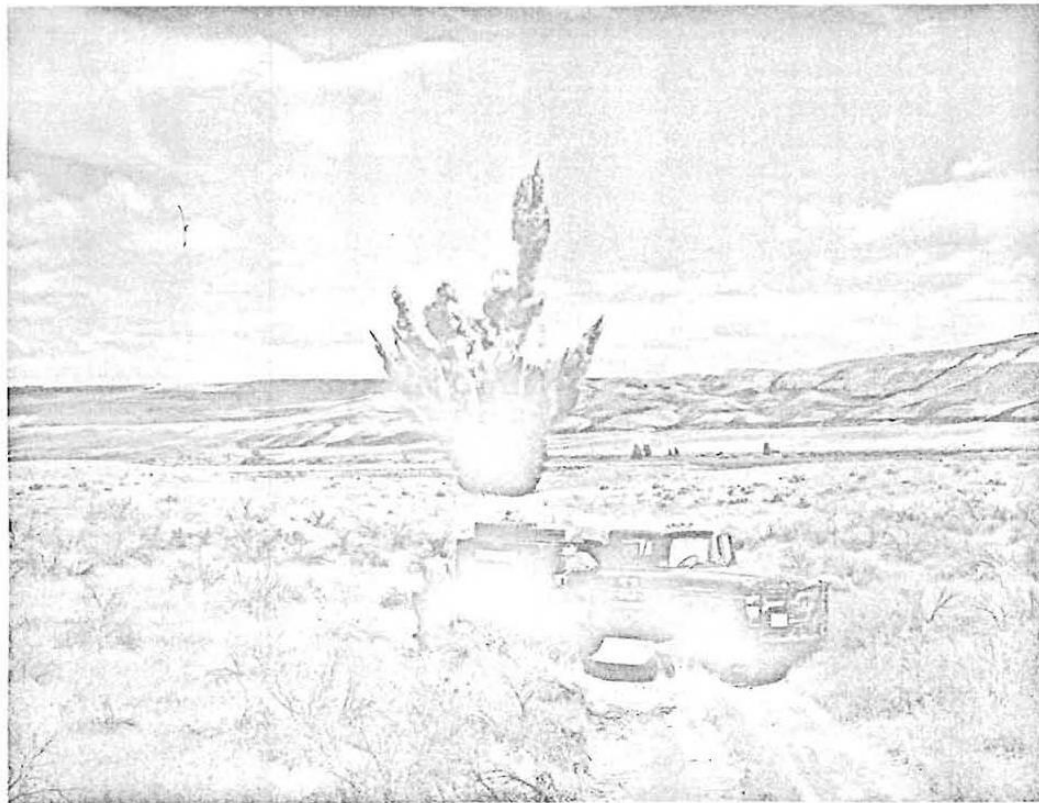


FIGURE 3

Near-Surface Detonation of 100 lb Nitramon Charge





Summary

- Hanford is a complex remediation site because of the legacy processes and associated waste sites
- Geophysical methods have historically been used on the Hanford Site extensively, but there have been technical limitations
- Implementation of newer processing and data acquisition efficiencies is aiding in the utility of geophysics on the Hanford Site
 - Newer processing of old datasets presents an opportunity for additional site characterization without the cost of data acquisition





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Thank you!



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References

- 1940's Seismic for geotechnical information for sighting the chemical separations plants, referred to as the "Canyons"
 - DDTS-433, Preliminary Geological Report Gable Site, January 28, 1943.
 - DDTS-Generated-435, Final Report, Gable Project Exploration, April 14, 1943
- Basalt Waste Isolation Project (BWIP) Geologic repository
 - DOE/RW-0164, Consultation Draft, Site Characterization Plan, Reference Repository Location, Hanford Site, Washington, Vol. 1, and PNNL- 13149, Review of Geophysical Characterization Methods Used at the Hanford Site
 - Consultation Draft, Site Characterization Plan volumes 1-8 NRC site <https://www.nrc.gov/docs/ML0901/>
- Geophysical data from Washington State University
 - Geophysical Seismic evaluation study at Hanford, BNWL-47, 1964, Brown, R.E., and J.R. Raymond.
 - <https://washingtonstategeology.wordpress.com/2023/05/10/a-new-way-to-easily-explore-and-access-geophysical-data-for-washington-state/>
 - **DNR webpage**
 - <https://www.dnr.wa.gov/programs-and-services/geology/publications-and-data/gis-data-and-databases>